

**INSURANCE**  
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZ SHAH M. MEHTA IN 1912.

**INSURANCE**  
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL. XXII NO. 58

BOMBAY FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1934

TWELVE PAGES

## ANOTHER

### Govt. Must Change Its "Labour Policy"

#### BAKHALE RAISES ISSUE ON CUT MOTION

#### Charges Authorities With Abuse Of E. P. O. To Suppress Union Activities

The policy of drift adopted by Government towards the labour problem was criticised on a motion for cut moved in the budget grants in the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday.

Mr. R. R. Bakhale urged the need for a changed outlook on labour questions and said that the present method of dealing with industrial strikes by swooping on workers with gagging orders and preventing them from taking collective and concerted action was a wrong one, and should be abandoned by Government.

#### CONCILIATION MACHINERY.

The present policy of Government, he said, had helped the growth of Communistic influence in the rank and file of labour.

He asked Government to set up machinery for conciliation as the first step to minimising industrial disputes and outlined a scheme of unemployment insurance and reduction of working hours which Government should take up in the interests of workers.

The debate on the policy of Government towards the labour question was not concluded, when the Council adjourned till to-day.

#### PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

The cut moved by Mr. M. H. Gazdar, a member from Karachi, with a view to urge the reduction of the P. W. D. staff in Sind by 70 per cent. was further discussed in the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday.

Syed Miran Mahomed Shah (Hyderabad District) supported the cut motion and said Government was not justified in maintaining a top-heavy administration especially when the major construction work had been completed.

Mr. John Humphrey (Karachi Chamber) opposed the cut and stated that there was yet a great deal of construction work to be done.

#### HOME MEMBER DEFENDS.

Mr. R. D. Bell, the Home Member, in the course of his reply to the debate said that there was nothing surprising in the size of the staff which was now working in connection with the Sukkur Barrage scheme.

Continuing the Home Member said that several speakers had made a point that Government should promise to investigate into the establishment charges in Lloyd Barrage. He thought that anything like a special investigation into the establishment charges or as suggested by a member a Committee of Inquiry for the purpose would be entirely premature for another 18 months. The Thomas Committee had recommended that the establishment charges should be reviewed after 3 years, and only a little more than a year had elapsed since then.

#### CUT MOTION LOST.

The cut motion was put to vote and lost. The original grant was then carried.

#### LABOUR POLICY.

A debate on the policy of Government towards the question of labour was raised on a cut motion moved by Dr. M. K. Dixit (Surat District). He moved a resolution by Rs. 1,000 in the grant of Rs. 90,400 under the head "Labour".

Mr. R. R. Bakhale in supporting the cut motion in a lengthy speech criticised Government's indifference and unhelpful attitude towards the burning labour problems. At the outset he requested Government to consider the possibility of making (Continued on Page 10)

## DELHI DURBAR IN 1935

### Viceroy To Invite King?

#### DELHI POUR-PARLERS

Conference To Revive Swaraj Party?

#### ELECTION PROSPECTS

Viceroy Will Decide After Consulting Whitehall

From Our Special Correspondent.

NEW DELHI, March 8.

The possibility of a general election to the Legislative Assembly indicated by Sir B. L. Mitter in the House yesterday, has led to considerable excitement amongst a section of the Assembly members.

#### REACTIONS.

I learn that already some of them have expressed privately the extreme desirability of the Assembly's life being further extended.

On the other hand the more far-seeing among the Legislators feel that, as the goal of Federation is fast receding from view and further as the Indian Princes' attitude will not crystallise for another two years, it would be better to have the general elections held under the present constitution some time in October so that the country would have an opportunity of expressing itself on the report of the Joint Parliamentary Committee which is now expected to be published before August.

#### WAIT FOR TIME TABLE.

Lord Willingdon refused to be drawn into this question at the banquet given by Sir Maneckjee Dadabhai, and the Assembly was told by Sir B. L. Mitter yesterday to await the forthcoming visit of the Viceroy to London where he would ascertain the time-table of Whitehall regarding the Indian Reforms.

Private advices from Calcutta show that some Congress leaders from different provinces may be visiting Delhi in a few days to confer as to the advisability of forming an All-India Party of Congressmen, more or less on the lines of the Swaraj Party led by the late Mr. C. R. Das and Pt. Motilal Nehru after the Gaya Congress. It is not known how many Congressmen will be summoned for the proposed discussions in Delhi, but as it will be an informal conference to sound each others views it is believed that the number will be confined to a small group, but representative of many provinces, including Bengal, Bombay and Madras.

#### AMENDMENT DISALLOWED.

NEW DELHI, March 8. Mr. Gayaprasad Singh informs the press that his amendment to the States Protection Bill, now before the Assembly, to the effect that the Indian Princes (Protection against Disaffection) Act of 1922 be repealed has been disallowed by the Governor-General-in-Council.—A.P.

#### "CHRONICLE-SENTINEL"

#### Earthquake Number

WILL BE OUT ON

SATURDAY MARCH 17

Remember 2 annas per each copy sold will go to Rajen Prasad Bihar Relief Fund.

If you feel for the widows, the orphans and the distressed in unhappy Bihar, is it not your duty to swell the fund by ordering a copy?

#### LID OFF LONDON MISSION

According to the "Sunday Express" when the Viceroy of India, Lord Willingdon, arrives in London this summer he will discuss with the Cabinet the Imperial Durbar, to be convened at Delhi in 1935, in celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the King's accession to the Throne.

The Chamber of Princes is now discussing a project for establishing and endowing a chain of hospitals to be named after King George and Queen Mary.

The cost is estimated at £25,000,000. The project is an all-India one.

### SCHUSTER'S AWARD

#### Calcutta Accuses Bombay Of Greed & "Unseemly Conduct"

CALCUTTA, March 8. A meeting of the citizens of Calcutta will be held under the auspices of the United Bengal Association at the Albert Hall tomorrow to protest against the attitude of the people of Bombay against the proposal for the allotment of half of the jute export duty to Bengal.

"The Amrita Bazar Patrika" accuses Bombay magnates of gaining wealth beyond the dreams of avarice at the cost of Bengal and adds:—"How human nature can be debased by greed for money has been exemplified by our brethren of Bombay. The unseemly conduct displayed by them at a public meeting to protest against the award of half the jute export duty to Bengal is a most glaring example of their true character."

The paper suggests that Bengal should demand that in the new constitution power of legislation in regard to the jute export duty must be vested in the Bengal Legislature in the interests of the cultivators of the province.—A.P.

Madras.—Sir George Stanley on his return from Simla after his acting Viceroyalty will perform the inauguration ceremony of the Cauveri-Mettur Dam which is expected to take place on August 21.—A.P.

#### "MERCIFUL EFFICIENCY"

Sir P. Sassoon Defends Air Bombing

BALDWIN HOPEFUL

Says Britain Will Re-Arm, If Talks Fail.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, March 8.

Speaking on the air estimates in the House of Commons Mr. Baldwin disagreed with the statement that Capt. Eden's tour was a failure and said that the tour had not yet brought its fruits.

He, in no way, abandoned the hope of a convention on British lines, which would give equality of air strength, which he believed was the first requisite for evading this danger. But if all efforts failed and such an equality was unobtainable, Government would see to it that the air strength of Britain was not inferior to any country within the striking distance of our shores. (Loud cheers.)

#### SASSOON'S STORY

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, March 8.

An expenditure of 65,000 sterling on the new air base in Dhibban, Iraq, was mentioned by Sir P. Sassoon, introducing the air estimates in the House of Commons.

The Undersecretary defended the merciful efficiency of the air policeman and described the "modus operandi", firstly, warning, sometimes given by loud-speakers from air and that was generally effective; if not, dummy bombs were dropped. Rarely was it necessary to drop live bombs. He related an incident, worthy of Alice through the looking-glass.

The British aircraft on the ordinary routine flight saw a tribal affray in full swing. Hostile troops who were fiercely raiding friendly territory, terrified at the apparent miraculous appearance of air policemen, fled very rapidly.

#### ARMY ESTIMATES Increase Of British Troops In India

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, March 8.

The Army estimates total 4,53,73,000 sterling gross total, less 57,73,000 appropriation in aid, representing 16,50,000 sterling net increase as compared with last year.

The Personnel is 1,49,500 which shows an increase of 800.

The War Secretary's memorandum observes that the estimates are 3,30,000 less than in 1931 and therefore the increased provision is still not equal to reductions specially made to meet the 1932 crisis.

The increase will be devoted to modernisation, building up suitable stores, reserve, improvement in barracks, particularly the replacement of hutter accommodation erected during the Boer and the Great War for increased training facilities.

The memorandum adds that the Army Council is giving constant consideration to the question of Home defence, for which the territorial army has accepted great and real responsibilities. Its strength which is still much below the establishment has increased by 114 officers and 5,554 other ranks.

The strength of the regular army, inclusive of British troops in India by the first April will be 3,800 below the establishment, but British troops in India will be up in the establishment.

### Schuster's Statement Surprises Colleagues ECONOMIC PLANNING FOR INDIA

#### European's Leader Apologises To Abdur Rahim For Hasty Remarks

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

NEW DELHI, March 8.

The European group, though the smallest in number, was given the honour of monopolising a whole day in the debate on the subject the group raised, namely, economic planning for India.

There were reported whispers in the lobby among back-benchers that the move of the group was inspired by Government and that was why none of them participated in the debate. However, leading members from the various parties supported Mr. James' motion, especially as no objection could be taken to the speech delivered in support of the motion.

Mr. James created a particularly good impression by asking Europeans to place the interests of India first and last.

Apparently Government were anxious to have this debate as they put into it three speakers in the place of one as they have been doing in the case of debates raised by Indian parties.

Mr. Hardy, the customs expert gave the lucid exposition of the manner in which tariff consolidation was now taken in hand. Sir Joseph Bhore announced how bilateral agreements with Canada and the Irish Free State were about to be negotiated and Sir George Schuster let out the Government secret that they were committed to putting transport in the charge of a member for transport as soon as convenient.

In fact this announcement of his, caused a flutter in the official benches, as Sir Frank Noyce, Sir Joseph Bhore and Sir Harry Harg exchanged looks of amazement at this "premature" announcement. But Sir George Schuster's speech was most thorough especially because the discussion was "about my own child".

What the Opposition applauded in that speech was his warning that there was too much decentralization and that economic planning would be retarded, as all that matters about economic well-being had been or was being transferred to Provincial Governments.

Mr. James felt intoxicated by the compliments received from all quarters and lost his bearings in replying to the debate when he dubbed Sir Abdur Rahim's remarks as irrelevant. This roused immediate protest and the Independents refused to be party to the withdrawal of the motion and challenged a division. This brought Mr. James to a different frame of mind. (Continued on page 7).

### EX-EMPLOYEE SUES M. P. Petition Against Mr. Hales Forwarded For Action

CALCUTTA, March 8.

Mr. G. D. Williams, ex-employee of Mr. H. K. Hales, M.P., (Hansley Constituency) who was acquitted on March 2 on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 250 by the Chief Presidency Magistrate having found the allegations made by Mr. Hales to be maliciously false, petitioned to-day for sanction to prosecute Mr. H. K. Hales under section 211 of the Indian Penal Code (bringing false charge with the intent of causing injury).

The Chief Presidency Magistrate entertained the petition and forwarded the same to Mr. J. K. Biswas, Additional Presidency Magistrate for necessary action.—United Press.

### Stop Press

MAGISTRATE'S BAN.

CAWNPORE, March 8.

In view of the labour troubles in the city the District Magistrate has promulgated orders under Section 144 Cr. P.C., prohibiting meetings and processions of five or more persons.

#### SHOLAPUR MILL STRIKE.

SHOLAPUR, March 8.

The mill strike situation took a turn for the worse to-day, all mills registering a further fall in the attendance of workers, whose number was less than 7,000 out of a total strength of 20,000. Police pickets were strengthened at several places, in view of complaints of assaults and molestation.—A.P.

### VICEROY AND RELIEF PLANS

Discusses Question With Bihar Governor

PATNA, Mar. 8.

His Excellency the Viceroy and party consisting of the Governor of Bihar, Mr. W. G. Brett, Relief Commissioner, Mr. E. C. Merville, Private Secretary and Captain P. T. Clarke, Private Secretary to the Governor, returned this evening.

The Viceroy inspected Muzaffarpur town and then went to the Commissioner's house, where he lunched with Mr. J. E. Scott, Commissioner, Tirhut Division. He then visiting Sitamarhi and "en route" inspected the damaged Japaha Sugar Factory at Muzaffarpur.

It is understood that His Excellency the Viceroy discussed with the Governor and members of the Government including Ministers and also members of the Organising Committee appointed to advise the Governor on the organisation of relief measures.—A.P.

#### NO STATE CONTROL OF GOLD

TOKIO, March 8.

"Government does not intend to embark on State control of gold or use gold stocks for the purpose of stabilising the exchange rate of Yen," declared the Finance Minister during the debate on the Gold Purchase Bill in the Lower House. He added that the devaluation of Yen must eventually be carried out in anticipation of the new Gold Standard, but Japan's position had not advanced sufficiently for the devaluation to take place.—Reuter.

## TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1.

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The 'Bombay Chronicle,' Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

## 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

B. Com., Experienced Accountants, Cashiers, Travelling Salesmen, Mistry, with Building experience, Estimates required immediately. Royal Service Agency, 369-371, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (2111).

Wanted—Immediately Sub-Inspectors of Police for Indian State. Only experienced men apply: I.A. Ashton & Son, Govt. Contractor, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay. (2109).

## 74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezvada, Cochín, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

## 103 LIVE STOCK.

Poultry at Half-Price. Jersey Black Giants, Silver Laced Wyandottes and many handsome varieties of Bantam Fowls are imported from England very lately. Eggs for hatching at Half the Catalogue price from March to May. Leghorns, Minorcas, Rhode Island Reds, Australorps, Light Sussex, Barred Plymouth Rocks and many different varieties of real Exhibition as well as Utility Breeds. Illustrated Catalogue will be sent free to all people interested in keeping Poultry for pleasure or for profit. The Asian Poultry Farm Co., Post Box No. 357, Fort, Bombay.

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

|                    | Per column inch | Per insertion |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1st Insertion      | Rs. 7-8-0       |               |
| 2nd Insertion      | Rs. 5-8-0       |               |
| 3rd Insertion      | Rs. 4-8-0       |               |
| 4th and Subsequent |                 |               |
| Insertions         | Rs. 3-8-0       |               |

Motual Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified

## Public Notices

## NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Locomotive Foreman in the Tata Iron & Steel Works at Jamshedpur.

1. Applicants must have the following qualifications:—  
(a) 5 years apprenticeship in a Railway Locomotive Repair shop.  
(b) At least fifteen years practical experience (including apprenticeship) of locomotive repairs of which not less than 5 years must have been in a supervisory capacity as Assistant Foreman but preferably as Foreman. A first class knowledge of Locomotive repair works and erection is essential.

(c) Detailed experience in and ability to take charge of Loco Repair Shop and Running Shed Repairs.

2. Age 35 to 40 years.  
3. Salary Rs. 350 to 500 monthly according to qualifications (less 5 per cent cut as long as it is in force).

4. Selected candidate will have to be pronounced medically fit by Steel Co.'s Medical Officer before appointment.

5. The selected candidate will have to be on probation for one year.

6. Applications complying specifically with the qualifications listed, with copies of testimonials, should be addressed to the General Manager, The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur, to reach him on or before 10th March.

7. Preference will be given to Indians.

Applications are invited for the following in the Tata Iron and Steel Co.'s works at Jamshedpur.

(1) One Junior Construction Engineer (Electrical):—Should possess a sound knowledge of Electrical installation work in Heavy Industrial Plants, able to prepare specifications and estimates for A.C. and D.C. Motors and switchgear, High tension and low tension cables (all kinds) etc. Must be capable of taking complete control and supervising erection work in accordance with Government Electricity Rules. Ability to handle labour an advantage.

(2) One Construction Foreman—(Electrical).

With extensive practical experience of High tension and low tension cable work, including laying and jointing of paper insulated lead covered cables, conduit and surface wiring, telephone cables, etc., Erection of Motors, Transformers and switchgear (both L. T. & H. T.). Must be fully conversant with the Government Electricity Rules.

These posts will be temporary in the first instance. Pay Rs. 150 to 250 per month according to qualifications. Apply stating age, detailed statement of previous experience, salary required, etc., to the General Manager, The Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur, before 14th March.

8054

## S. S. "HEINAN MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above Steamer are hereby informed that she arrived on the 7th inst. from Japan via wayports and has been berthed in the Alexandra Dock No. 11. No survey on damaged cargo will be held unless a written application is received by us within seven days from the date of discharge and prior to the removal of goods from the Landing Shed.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

## Legal Notices

## HIGH COURT

O. O. C. J.  
I. C. No. 33 of 1933.  
In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.

and  
In the matter of THE FAZUL-BHOY MILLS, LIMITED.  
(In Liquidation).

THE CREDITORS of the above-named Company are hereby informed that they should send to the undersigned at his Office at Jehangir Building, 133, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts and claims on or before the 20th day of May 1934 instead of within one month from the date of the previous notice, dated the 20th February, 1934, appearing in the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" of 23rd February, 1934.

Dated the 6th March, 1934.  
H. H. WADIA,  
Official Liquidator.

Jehangir Building,  
133, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

## Legal Notices.

## NOTICE

TO ALL TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my client Mr. Trikambh Govindji has purchased the firm and business (including Goodwill) of D. A. Nadkarni & Co., Stationers, Book-Sellers, etc., carrying on business at Gowalla Tank Road, exclusive of the liabilities if any of the said firm upto 3-3-1934 for which the erstwhile owner Mr. M. N. Gersoppa and not my client is liable and responsible.

B. G. PADHYE,  
Advocate for the Purchaser.  
8070

## NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HASHAM ISMAIL, of Bombay Halai Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted for the absolute sale to our client the undermentioned property. All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 5, Military Square, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Quit and Ground Rent tenure, containing by admeasurement 85 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 934, Collector's New No. 8108, Old Survey No. 1825 and New Survey No. 1158 and Cadastral Survey No. 2655 of the Bhuleswar Division together with the tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 6008 and Old Street No. 35-37 and New Street No. 111 all which premises are situate at and on the East side of All Umer Street at Bombay in the City and Registration District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by Sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said All Umer Street, on or towards the North by the property of Hajji Ismail Hajji Mahomed and on or towards the South by the property of Abdul Rahim Husain. Dated this 7th day of December, 1933.

RUTNAGAR & KHATKHATAY,  
Purchaser's Attorneys.  
8068

## AUCTION SALES

## BENNETT &amp; Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sale of jewellery advertised to take place to-day, Friday, the 9th instant has been POSTPONED to THURSDAY, the 15th instant.

BENNETT & CO.

## N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

| Steamers    | Tons | Arrive Leave    |
|-------------|------|-----------------|
| Ginyo Maru  | 6613 | 23 Feb. 10 Mar. |
| Teinan Maru | 4364 | 7 Mar. 20 Mar.  |
| Tokuiwa     |      |                 |

| Maru       | 6972 | 19 Mar. 28 Mar. |
|------------|------|-----------------|
| Genoa Maru | 6785 | 20 Mar. 29 Mar. |
| Toyama     |      |                 |
| Maru       | 7090 | 30 Mar. 10 Apr. |

\*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

| Steamers      | Tons  | Colombo | Leave |
|---------------|-------|---------|-------|
| Hakozaki Maru | 10500 | 19 Mar. |       |
| Terukuni Maru | 12000 | 31 Mar. |       |

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

| Steamers      | Tons  | Colombo  | Leave |
|---------------|-------|----------|-------|
| Kashima Maru  | 10000 | 15 March |       |
| Yasukuni Maru | 12000 | 26 Mar.  |       |

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

| Steamers      | Tons  | Hongkong | Leave |
|---------------|-------|----------|-------|
| Chichibu Maru | 17500 | 4 April  |       |
| Tatsuta Maru  | 17000 | 18 Apr.  |       |

Kobe-Seattle via VANCOUVER

| Steamers   | Tons  | Kobe     | Leave |
|------------|-------|----------|-------|
| Hiye Maru  | 11600 | 7 April  |       |
| Heian Maru | 11600 | 30 April |       |

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA  
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.  
Phone No. 20279.  
Telegrams: "YUSEN".

## Public Notices

## WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB, LTD.

## NOTICE.

THE Committee of the Western India Turf Club, Ltd. have decided to REDUCE the BETTING UNIT in the MEMBERS' and FIRST ENCLOSURES from Rs. 10/- to Rs. 5/- with effect from SATURDAY next, March 10th, 1934, 3rd Day of the Spring Meeting, until further notice.

NOTE:—Tickets sold at Single Unit Windows in the Members' and First Enclosures will still be printed Rs. 10/-, and the tickets sold at the Rs. 50/- Special Windows will still be printed Rs. 100/-. Windows for investments in the Second Enclosure in units of Rs. 5/- and Rs. 25/- will still be available.

(By Order of the Committee)

C. C. GULLILAND

Secretary,

Western India Turf Club, Ltd.

## AUCTION SALES

Messrs. VORA & Co.

AUCTION SALE ON SUNDAY, 11th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, next to Vianelli's Restaurant of Dining, Drawing and Bed-Room Furniture, Drawing-room sofa, Cabinet, H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Fire Proof safes, Musical Box, Steel Cabinet, Tilted Chestfield and Drawing-room suits, Cottage Piano (S. Roose & Co.) Almyrahs, Chandeliers, A.C. Fans Carved Furniture, Show cases, Glassware, etc. On View.

VORA & CO.

## Running

From TO-MORROW

Sagar Movietone Presents

PHANTOM

OF

THE HILLS

Jal Merchant

in a red hot role

WITH

A Love Song on His Lips

WITH

PANNA, SABITADEVI,

YAKUB ASOOJI,

NAYAMPALLY

LALITA and

others

IMPERIAL

CINEMA

Lamington Road

## WHAT ELSE WILL

## REFRESH YOU

IF NOT, Mr. JOSHI'S DELIGHTFUL TONES  
From DIGWEER CINETONE'S

## 'Saint Tulsidas'

(In HINDI)

LAST DAY OF THIS WEEK  
TO SEE and HEAR

Mr. G. N. JOSHI (OF H. M. VOICE), SHANTAKUMARI, JAMNA, FATMA, MADHAV, etc.

IN THIS MOST THRILLING DRAMA OF EMOTIONS, LOVE AND DEVOTION!

MAKE IT A POINT TO SEE IT THIS EVENING!

TIME: 5, 7-45; 10-30 P.M.

## MAJESTIC CINEMA

Girgaum

H. M. VOICE RECORDS OF Mr. JOSHI'S SONGS FROM "SAINT TULSIDAS" ARE AVAILABLE AT ALL AUTHORISED DEALERS OF H. M. VOICE COMPANY.

## ONCE AGAIN

PRABHAT'S POPULAR  
MARATHI TALKIE

## KING OF

## AYODHYA

Featuring

Mr. TEMBE

and

Shrimati KHOTE

will be shown from

Sat. 10th March

at

KRISHNA

CINEMA

New Charni Road.

## THE CARLTON

6-30 & 10 P.M.

EMIL JANNINGS

As

"THE MERRY

MONARCH"

FROM TO-MORROW

The Longest Laugh on Record

SLIM SUMMIVILLE

ZASU PITTS

in

"OUT ALL NIGHT"

## FIGHTING WAS HIS LIFE... WOMEN HIS PLAYTHINGS

But in Shanghai the two didn't mix  
...until this impulsive beauty picked  
him up from the outcasts and gave  
him new ideas on life.

FOX FILM Presents

## SHANGHAI MADNESS

with  
**SPENCER TRACY**  
**FAY WRAY**

Ralph MORGAN Eugene PALLETTE  
Herbert MUNDIN



AT **ROXY**  
From TO-MORROW

## GRAND GALA OPENING

TO-MORROW—SATURDAY!

RAVISHING GIRLS!  
GLAMOROUS ROMANCE!  
BREATH-TAKING SPECTACLE!

## EDDIE CANTOR

In the Samuel Goldwyn Production

## Roman Scandals

You will cheer, you will roar, you will rave about the grandest

## MUSICAL COMEDY

ENTERTAINMENT AS

## EDDIE CANTOR

Rears down to the Sea in a Chariot Race of thrills and laughs

TO-MORROW—SATURDAY

## WELLINGTON

Plan Open—Book Early—Phone 22668.

## THE STATE AIDED BANK OF TRAVANCORE, LTD.

Head Office: ALLEPPEY

Branches:—Trivandrum, Changanacherry, Cochin and Quilon.  
Sub-Offices:—Ernakulam, Kottayam and Kayamkulam.

(UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF  
AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY  
THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS  
HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA  
OF TRAVANCORE)

### SEASON DEPOSITS

will be received up to 31st  
MARCH 1934, at the following  
rates at all our offices:—

For 4 Months 5-1/2 per cent.  
5 Months 5-3/4 per cent.  
6 Months 6 per cent.

C. KRISHNA MENON, M.A.,  
Manager.

## THE TRAVANCORE NATIONAL BANK Ltd.

(Incorporated in Travancore 1912)

Head Office:—  
ALLEPPEY, SOUTH INDIA

Local Office:—  
RUSTOM BUILDING,  
25, CHURCHGATE STREET, Fort  
Bombay.

BRANCHES:—Calicut, Cochin,  
Devicollam, Ernakulam, Kottayam,  
Munnar, Madras (Broadway),  
Madras (Mount Road),  
Madras, Ootacamund, Quilon,  
Trivandrum, Tirupur, Tiruvalla,  
(Registered Office), Trichinopoly,  
Trichur, Tripunthittur, Udumalpet,  
Virudhunagar.

Fixed, Short Notice and other  
Deposits received on attractive  
terms.

Approved Mercantile Bills dis-  
counted and all facilities granted  
to Constituents for export and  
import trade.

Cash credits and overdrafts al-  
lowed against approved securities  
and all kinds of general Bank-  
ing business undertaken.

For further particulars please  
apply to any of the offices.  
K. C. EAPEN, B.A.,  
Managing Director.

## TRAINING AND GALLOP NOTES

## Bismarck II Impresses In 5 Furlongs Gallop Note Rosewater & Golden Trail

(By Our Special Correspondent)

The following gallops were  
noted during the week:—

GREEK BURN (Simmons) showed up better than two stablemates in a 10 furlongs gallop.

PRINCE KHAN (Harding) and DE BEERS II (R. Boy) galloped five furlongs. The former should run well on Saturday.

MONREALE (Selby) travelled 9 furlongs on the race track. Has improved.

HERO WORSHIP (Clarke) and DANDY BRUSH (Evans) galloped 9 furlongs on the tan. The latter was better.

MAGNITUDE (R. Boy) and DOREDA (Harding) spurred 4 furlongs. The latter was better.

CARTOON (Northmore) was sent an easy 6 furlongs. Good.

CRUSTY (Obaid) was extended over 6 furlongs on the tan. A smart gallop.

EVE (Brace) and GRECIAN (Graham) covered 6 furlongs on the race track. The former has improved very much.

GRAND RAJA (Stokes) beat RAJPYARI (R. Boy) in a 5 furlongs gallop on the grass.

BOY (Alford) galloped 6 furlongs on the grass. Fit and well.

SWEETIE (Selby) IBRANI (Dall Acqua) and CLAIRETTE (McCarthy) galloped 6 furlongs on the race track. Clairette was the best.

BOLD BANDIT (Raffaele) and BETTY BOOP (Bullock) went 6 furlongs on the race track. They are not ready yet.

HEYDAY (Khalil) BISMARCK II (R. Boy) and RELAXATION (Walker) galloped 5 furlongs on tan. Bismarck was the best.

IRISH RIGHT (R. Boy) and ELIZA'S STAR (Whitely) were sent 6 furlongs. They are both well.

GOLDEN TRAIL (Clarke) and GRECIAN ORE (Evans) galloped 5 furlongs on the tan. The former won by a length.

THORNHAM (R. Boy) and GLENLINNHE (Clarke) galloped an easy 7 furlongs. Fit horses.

SOLOMON'S SEAL (Whitely) and SABRINO (Meherji) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. Both went well.

JAYAKUMAR II (R. Boy) galloped 7 furlongs on the race track. A smart gallop.

ABUNDANCE (Selby) beat SASSABY (Dall Acqua) in a 7 furlongs gallop on the race track.

HATLESS (McCarthy) and MEADOW SWEET (Selby) galloped 7 furlongs. The former won easily.

OVER (Marrable) galloped 8 furlongs. Fair.

LITTLE GREEK (Evans) and ROSEVILLE (Clark) galloped 7 furlongs. The latter was better.

LAST ADVENTURE (McCarthy) extended SKY HAWK (Meekings) over 7 furlongs on the grass. The former finished very well.

INNISKILLING (Munro) and CASTLETON (Jones) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. The former has improved.

KIRKIBOST (Meekings) extended SANTON (R. Boy) over a mile. Kirkibost finished very well.

IRAN (Maurice) easily beat LIS (Whitely) in a 9 furlongs gallop.

FORMER (Stokes) and ROSEWATER (R. Boy) galloped a mile on the grass. They finished about level.

TAN (Dall Acqua) cantered a mile. In great form.

BOY BACHELOR (M. Hoyt) galloped an easy mile. Has improved.

ALIENIST (Munro) was sent a mile on the tan. He is ready.

CHEER UP (Selby) galloped a mile on the race track. A smart gallop.

SALOON (Whitely) galloped 9 furlongs. Fair.

BULBUL HAZAR (R. Boy) galloped a mile on the grass. Fair.

BLUE FUNNEL (Brace) and GOOD BYE (Graham) galloped 7 furlongs on the race track. Both finished well.

JAI BHAWANI II (Stokes) galloped a mile on the grass. Good.

COLLECTOR (Meekings) galloped an easy 10 furlongs. Well.

HAKIM PASHA (Blyth) galloped 10 furlongs. Fair.

SHORT CUT (R. Boy) galloped 10 furlongs. NASH NASH (R. Boy) accompanied him over the first 7 furlongs. Fair.

KURDI (R. Boy) galloped 10 furlongs. Fair.

BAHARNOOR (McCarthy) and AL MANDOOR (R. Boy) galloped 1 1/2 miles on the tan. The former won easily.

CARNERA (Graham) and WAFADAR (Jones) galloped 7 furlongs on the grass. Carnera has improved and won by about 3 lengths.

HAPPY KING (Marrable) went an easy mile. Well.

ARTIGRIHL (Graham) beat a stable companion in a 6 furlongs gallop. Fair.

PUNJAB (Munro) and RED FLOWER (Jones) were extended over 7 furlongs on the tan. R Flower won by a head. Good.

FARHAN PASHA (Maurice) beat DAHES (Burn) in a 7 furlongs gallop. Fair.

TAIMURLUNG (Brace) galloped an easy 10 furlongs. Fair.

NICKEL (Obaid) was extended over 1 1/2 miles on the tan. Fit and well.

MOSUL KING (Simmons) beat a stable companion over 7 furlongs.

RED CAR (Bowley) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. He is ready.

JENANAR (Blyth) galloped 7 furlongs. Fit.

JASSAM BEG (Meekings) was sent 7 furlongs. Moved well.

NAYAZI (Blyth) and KANDAHAR (R. Boy) galloped a mile. The former finished very well.

VICTOR (M. Hoyt) and JAHANARA (Northmore) covered 7 furlongs on the tan. Both moved freely.

AZDASHIR (Whitely) MALIK BEG (Burn) and AL BARG (Selby) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. All are in good condition.

COPPER KING (McCarthy) and QUEEN SINGER (Selby) galloped 7 furlongs. They finished well together.

### TRAINER FINED

Trainer C. H. Northmore was fined Rs. 200 for entering the 4-6-8 ROLL UP in the Houghton Plate, Third Day of the Bombay Spring Meeting for which the horse is not eligible.

### ENGLISH LEAGUE FOOTBALL

### Portsmouth Defeat Leeds By 2 Goals To 1

(Reuter's Special Service.)  
LONDON, March 7.

The following are the results of football matches played to-day in the League:

FIRST DIVISION.  
Aston Villa 0, Manchester City 0.  
Portsmouth 2, Leeds 1.

SECOND DIVISION.  
Bolton 3, Hull 3.  
Preston 0, Bradford City 1.

THIRD DIVISION.  
(Northern Section).  
Wrexham 4, Rotherham 0.

In the Scottish Cup, fourth round replay, Motherwell beat Albion by 6 goals to nil.

### JAILED FOR POSSESS- ING GOLD AMALGAM

### Kolar Gold Fields Officer Pleads Guilty To Charge

(From Our Correspondent.)  
BANGALORE, Mar. 7.

Charged with an offence under Section 6 of the Mysore Mines Regulation, to wit, being in unlawful possession of gold amalgam, weighing 138 tolas, valued approximately at Rs. 1,750, M. L. Dodling, a European till recently employed as Asst. Reduction Officer Nundydroog Gold Mines, Kolar Gold Fields, was sentenced yesterday by F. R. Sell, Justice of Peace, to six months' rigorous imprisonment. Accused pleaded guilty. He was drawing a salary of Rs. 825 annually, but after the incident his services were terminated.

A charge under Section 304 (A) I, P. Code, was framed by the Headquarters Magistrate, on Wednesday, against Mr. D. Mcphedraw, a European employee of the Burmah Oil Company, at Syriam. It was alleged that two Buddhist priests died through rash and negligent driving. Mr. D. Mcphedraw pleaded not guilty to the charge.

## ACCEPTANCES FOR SATURDAY Ten Events Down For Decision

The following are the acceptances for the Third Day of the Bombay Spring Meeting to be held on Saturday:—

### 1st Race (2-0 p. m.)

#### THE BUNDER ABBAS PLATE

(Division I.)  
Distance—7 furlongs.  
Winner, Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 500; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III, W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winner after 31st March, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over, once, 7 lbs. twice 12 lbs., oftener 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14-0 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Nash 8/10; Ferdinand 8/10; Munk Beg 8/10; Summer 8/16; Al Barg 8/6; Royal Crown 7/8; Strephon 8/6; Dhiya'a al Khair 8/4; Happy King 8/4; Be-dair Fallah 8/2; Bhuboo 8/0; Far Avion 8/0; Hitler 8/0; Money Order 8/0; Tair al Zaman 7/10; Havana 7/8; Zobia 7/8; Holly-wood 7/8; Bhawani Talwar II 7/8; Abdulnham 7/8; Al Mandoob 7/8; Nelson 7/4.

### 2nd Race (2-30 p. m.)

#### THE BUNDER ABBAS PLATE

(Division II.)  
Distance—7 furlongs.  
Winner, Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 500; Third Rs. 250.

Zeebar 9/3; Mal Ailash 8/10; Al Hazar 3/10; Jnanar 8/6; Malik Beg 8/6; Soufa 8/6; Green Lawn 8/4; Jasam Beg 8/4; Mam-doon 8/4; Farhan Pasha 8/4; Kingsfisher 8/0; The Knut 8/0; Azdashir 8/0; Khushroo 8/0; Mosul King 7/8; Faust 7/8; Wee Bli 7/4; Ace of Hearts 7/8; Carnera 7/8; Iraq Queen 7/8; English Star 7/8; Nadim Beg 7/8; Soomair 7/4.

### 3rd Race (3-0 p. m.)

#### THE BUNDER ABBAS PLATE

(Division III.)  
Distance—7 furlongs.  
Winner, Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 500; Third Rs. 250.

Redcar 9/3; Molly King 9/3; Zainin 8/13; Faithful II 8/13; Copper King II 8/12; Breach 8/12; Jehan Ara 8/10; Rolls Royce 8/10; Raza Khan 8/10; Nayaz 8/4; Saudagar 8/4; Shamil 8/4; Goodbye 8/4; Mahoot 8/4; Watchmaker II 8/4; Maharani 8/1; Emperor 8/0; Kandahar 8/0; Safi al Muluk 8/0; Zehour 7/3; Wael 7/3; Artighril 7/3; Sun Rose 7/8; Heisan 7/8.

### 4th Race (3-30 p. m.)

#### THE BANDRA PLATE

Distance—About 1-1/2 miles.  
Winner, Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 500; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III, W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winner after 31st March, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over, once 7 lbs. twice 12 lbs., oftener 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14-0 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Nickle 8/13; Short Cut 8/10; Bill Agil 8/10; Kurdi 8/10; Taimurlung 8/10; Wall'aba 8/0; Shamil 8/4; Breach 8/3; Virkumar 7/11; Baharnoor 7/9; Crown 7/5; Legion of Honour 6/13.

### 5th Race (4-0 p. m.)

#### THE BREEDERS PLATE

Distance—1 mile, 1 furlong.  
Winner, Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 700; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV.

Truro 9/12; Honeysuckle 8/12; Rosewater 9/7; Knight at Arms 9/4; Sanguine 7/11; Waivera 8/13; Cheery Boy 8/4; Saloon 3/0; Cheer Up 8/0; Telephone 7/13; Spring Song 7/9; Devaka 7/4; Marcodia 6/12.

### 6th Race (4-30 p. m.)

#### THE FOXHILL PLATE

Distance—7 furlongs.  
Winner, Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 700; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Miss Mount 9/7; Abundance 9/6; Betty Boop 8/3; Facio 9/0; De Beers 9/4; Inniskilling 9/0; Witch Music 8/10; Over 7/0; Sassaby 8/10; Away 8/10; Uptojinks 8/10; Kirkibost 8/8; Glenlinnhe 8/7; Forecat 8/7; Jaya-Kumar II 8/7; Tomitt 8/4; Santon 8/3; Last Adventure 8/2; Silver Lady II 8/0; Solomon's Seal 7/13; Pomarine 7/10; Dairum 7/11; Willow Grove 7/10; Little Greek 7/8; Drama 7/4; Dios 7/4; Roseville 6/12; Hatless 6/12.

### 7th Race (5-0 p. m.)

#### THE MARCH PLATE

Distance—1 mile, 1 furlong.  
Winner, Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Custodian 9/4; Greek Burn 9/1; Alienist 9/1; Turlough 9/0; Dandy Brush 7/13; Bright Nigger 8/12; Superlative 8/4; Ballintoy 7/8; Boy Bachelor 8/2; Tan 8/2; Inducement 8/0; Moti Koh 7/11;

Former 7/10; Arran Comrade 7/9; Sky Hawk 7/0.

### 8th Race (5-30 p. m.)

#### THE NORTHUMBERLAND PLATE

Distance—2 miles.  
Winner, Rs. 8,000; Second Rs. 2,500; Third Rs. 1,500.

A Handicap for all Horses.

Galumph 9/3; Trelawne 9/3; Corey 8/12; Saint Anour 7/7; Ramah 8/7; Bucentaur 8/4; Greek Burn 7/7; Monreale 7/7; Rhonius 7/4; Prince Khan 7/0.

### 9th Race (6-0 p. m.)

#### THE HOUGHTON PLATE

Distance—6 furlongs.  
Winner, Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Magnitude 9/0; Maya 9/0; Heyday 8/13; Eve 8/12; Grecian 8/0; Relaxation 8/9; Lovely One 8/8; Boy 7/4; Crusty 8/7; Clairette 8/5; Meadow Sweet 8/2; Young Bachelor 8/3; Cartoon 8/3; Former 7/13; Grand Raja 7/10; Rajpyari 7/5; Golden Trail 7/13; Bismarck II 7/12; Irish Right 7/9; Cryptogram 7/7.

### 10th Race (6-30 p. m.)

#### THE BASSEIN PLATE

Distance—1-1/4 mile.  
Winner, Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Electricity 9/0; Sarsam 8/10; Buick 7/4; Hazima 8/7; Orient 8/6; Ruston 7/10; Pasha 8/5; Yona 8/3; Bushboos 8/1; Collector 7/12;

## FIVE RUPEE TOTE WELCOMED

Business On The Machines  
Should Become More  
Lively From Now On

(By Our Racing Correspondent.)

Racegoers will hail with delight the decision of the W.I.T. C. Committee to reintroduce the Five-Rupee Tote in the First Enclosure. This is not an innovation. It will be recalled that after a brief trial, the smaller unit investment was discontinued some three years ago in the First Enclosure, although retained in the Members' Enclosure.

It is gratifying to note that our repeated appeals and the general clamour of patrons have, at last, been heard. It is never too late to woo those who pay the piper.

The Club Committee's decision has come rather late in the season, but that it will be popular, we have not the slightest doubt.

Business on the machines has been remarkably lifeless this year and there certainly has never been a season when the Club has been so hard hit.

Genuine sportsmen, who are grateful for the amenities offered by the excellent Club Committee are confident that the reduced entrance fees and the welcome, if belated, re-introduction of the Rs. 5 betting unit, will bring greater and better business to an organisation that gives us several months of high class racing in one of the best appointed racecourses in the world. It is to be hoped that the Five Rupee Totalizator has come to stay.

In England the lowest unit is 2shs. 6d., and the patronage accorded to the Totalizator is extensive on that account.

Quarry 7/11; Zozan 7/11; Hakim Pasha 7/11; Jai Bhawani II 7/9; Bulbul Hazar 7/6; El Faras 7/6; Black Beauty 7/5; Fiery Face 7/4; Blue Funnel 7/4.

**DRAKSHASAVA**  
twice a day  
ensures  
perfect  
health



The Tropical climate of the East is enervating in the extreme and lassitude soon comes to the healthiest of systems. This fatal lowering of the body's vitality and strength must be checked immediately if it is not to gain a real grip on the health of person, which may have serious and unforeseen results.

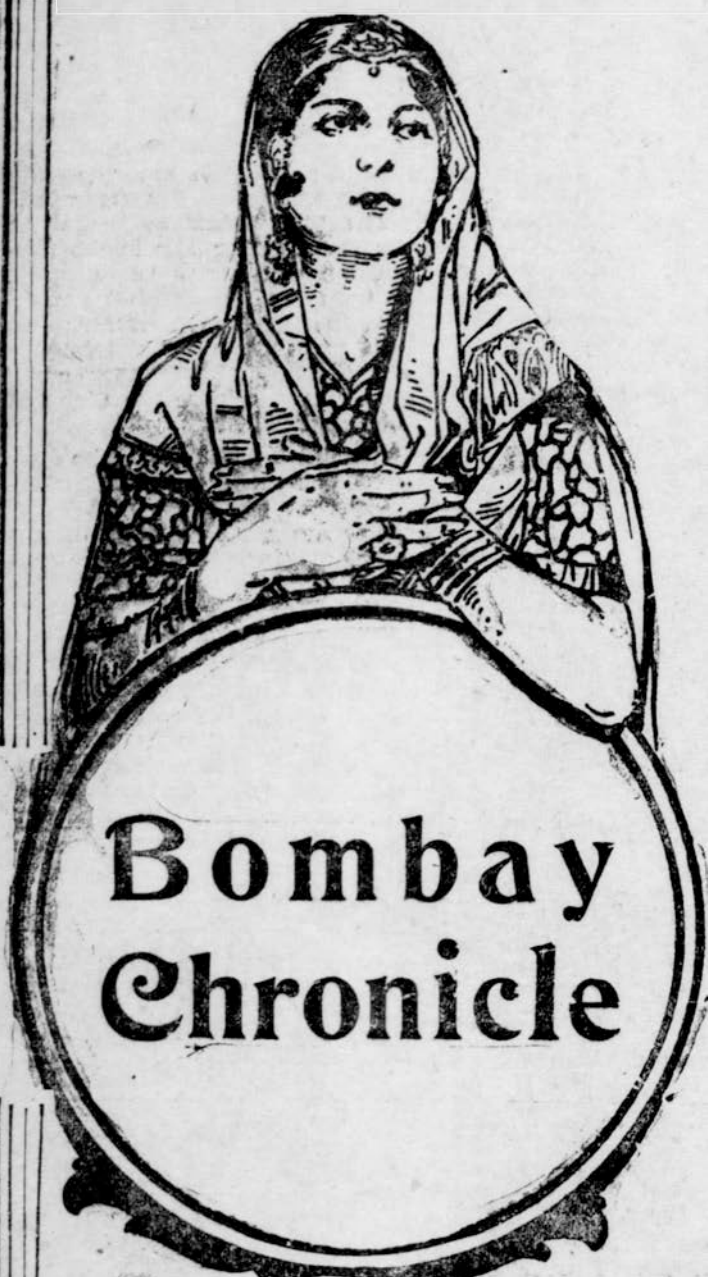
Here is a pleasant and effective way of checking tropical tiredness—an ounce of ALEMbic DRAKSHASAVA in a tumbler of water twice a day! It's unbelievably simple, but the results speak for themselves. Ask any man who has already tried it and he will tell you of the health and vigour which suffuses the system as this wonderful tonic gets to work.

</

# FREE

## DESIGNS & BLOCKS

for the advertisers of



the only popular paper amongst the buying class.

Experts are employed to look after these details—and to plan your whole campaign scientifically and to produce results beyond your expectations. You will feel proud of your every advertisement not only for its attractive display but also for its PULLING POWER.

### J. F. ARORA & Co.

ADVERTISING CONSULTANTS

PHONE: 25155.

Commissariat Building,  
Hornby Road, Bombay.

## PILES

### NOHAESA OINTMENT

Relieves the Piles Promptly

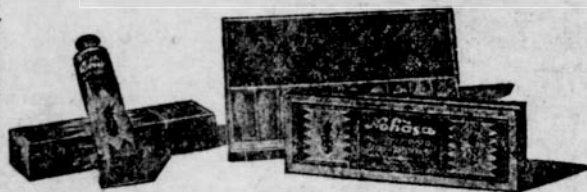
NOHAESA reduces the inflammatory and irritant symptoms and has also a prophylactic action.

It simultaneously allays the itch and has an astringent cooling action.

Does not stain the clothing.  
**ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS.**

NOHAESA is also available in the shape of suppositories.

Can Be  
had from  
all  
Chemists.



Dr. B. N. DESAI, L.M.S. (Vadivalla, SURAT)  
Cures **HYDROCELE** Without Operation  
Radically  
In 15 minutes. In Bombay every month from 12 to 6 PM  
IN SIRDAR GHIS (HOTEL), CRAWFORD MARKET.  
For Booklet of details and cert. send 3 annas stamps.

## EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

Head Office:  
Empire of India Life Building,  
BOMBAY.

INTERIM BONUS INCREASED.  
Ask for particulars.

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO.  
Managers.

## SHIPPING NEWS

### Exports & Imports

**ARRIVALS**  
Bombay, March 8.  
President Hayes, Woonover, New York.  
Vita, Denne, Karachi.  
Viceroy of India, Thornton, London.

**DEPARTURES**  
Bombay, March 8.  
Atlas Maru, Kanagal, Kobe.  
Mansula, Gili, London.  
Varsova, Durkee, Busrah.

**LOADING**  
Bombay, March 8.  
Steamer Heiman Maru for Kobe.  
Steamer Rawalpindi for London.  
Steamer Rheinfels for Hamburg.  
Steamer Jaff Davis for New York.  
Steamer Karanja for Durban.  
Steamer Varela for Busrah.

**ENGLISH MAIL REPORT**  
S.S. Viceroy of India—The P & O S N Co's English mail steamer Viceroy of India arrived in harbour yesterday from London with the outward mail of the 22nd ult., a general cargo 157 passengers.

S.S. President Hayes—The F P Campbell Co's steamer President Hayes arrived in harbour on Thursday from New York with a general cargo and 60 passengers.

S.S. Vita—The B I S N Co's steamer Vita arrived in harbour on Thursday from Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Atlas Maru—The O S K steamer Atlas Maru sailed yesterday for Kobe with a general and same bottom cargo.

S.S. Varsova—The B I S N Co's steamer Varsova sailed yesterday for Busrah with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Masula—The M M Co's steamer Masula sailed yesterday for London with a general and same bottom cargo and passengers.

**EXPORTS**  
Bombay, March 8.  
S.S. Rawalpindi for London—21 bales animal skins I F Levy; 15 bales animal skins A L Haslam; 6 bales animal skins G S Chedina and Co; 40 bags tarun-ric T S Thadani and Sons; 838 bags till seed, T S Thadani and Sons; 235 bags casim Amin and Sons; 14 cases bristles M M and Co; 43 cases bristles, D Abraham and Sons.

S.S. Kaiser-i-Hind for London—150 bales woolraw C Lister and Co; 4 bales woolen carpets Cox and Kings Ltd.

S.S. Masula for Salonica—50 bales cotton raw, K Devchand and Co.

S.S. California for Liverpool—137 bales cotton raw Gill and Co; 86 bales cotton raw H M Mehta & Co; 156 bales wool raw E Mavji and Co; 179 bales hemp D Anandji; 100 drums castor oil, Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 100 bales hemp, E Premji and Co; 63 bales cotton fly B Karandas and Co; 225 bales cotton thread waste B Mahasukhram and Co; 100 bales cotton fly V P Mashtai; 254 bags tungreek seed T S Thadani and Sons; 444 bags till seed T S Thadani and Sons; 400 bags groundnuts K Harjivan and Co.

For Glasgow—125 drums castor oil Swastika Oil Mills; 49 bales hemp D Anandji; 50 bales hemp B Premji and Co.

S.S. Hongkong for Liverpool—325 bales wool raw Eastern Wool Trading Co; 35 bales wool raw C Lester and Co; 25 bales wool raw, G Suchedina and Co.

For Barcelona—175 bales cotton raw Italindia Cotton and Co; 50 bales cotton raw, K Devchand and Co.

S.S. Rheinfels for Bremen—455 bales cotton raw Textile Products Ltd; 330 bales cotton raw Bombay Co. Ltd; 314 bales cotton raw N Rajaram and Co.

For Hamburg—115 bales cotton raw Textile Products Ltd; 165 bales cotton fly P D Vora and Co; 110 bales cotton fly Chimmanlal and Sons; 135 bales cotton fly Indian Produce Export Co; 110 bales cotton fly M Chandulal and Co; 110 bales cotton Textile Products Ltd; 400 bales wool raw E Mavji and Co; 6 bales wool raw C Lister and Co; 60 bags gum tragacanth D Abraham and Sons.

For Antwerp—400 bales wool raw E Mavji and Co; 200 bales hemp S Parmanand; 25 bales cotton fly P D Vora and Co; 170 bales hemp K J Kapadia and Co; 2000 bags myraballum C Jivanlal and Co; 200 cwt. buffalo pickers J M Rahimtoola and Co.

For Gydnia—35 bales wool raw E Mavji and Co.

For Malmo—18 cases cardamomes A P Gupta.

For Copenhagen—27 bales cotton thread waste M Chandulal and Co.

For Philadelphia—50 bales goat hair E Mavji and Co.

For Montreal—200 bags powdered tale Shaw Wallace and Co.

For Rotterdam—25 drums castor oil Gujarat Oil Mill and Mfg. Co.

S.S. President Hayes for New York—49 bales animal skins D Abraham and Sons; 4 bales woolen carpets Cox and Kings Ltd; 136 bags vegetable seed A Virji and Co; 100 bags cummin seed F F Campbell and Co; 2 pots Palma Rosa oil Volkart Bros.

For Alexandretta—20 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Izmir—25 bales cotton yarn E Shantilal and Co.

For Genoa—10 bales animal skins D Abraham and Sons; 30 bales cotton rags Oriental Cotton Waste Co.

For George Town—60 bags turmeric fingers M Bhuta and Co.

S.S. C/o Pittsburg for New York—59 animal skins D Abraham and Sons.

S.S. Jeff Davis for New York—675 bales cotton waste B Karandas and Co; 290 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co.

S.S. Victoria for Genoa—318 bales cotton raw Langley and Co; JAYARAM—5 March 8 Thurs 321 bales cotton raw O Suleman and Co; 220 bales cotton raw N Nagsee and Co; 110 bales cotton raw N Rajaram and Co; 7 bales silk waste C Lister and Co.

For Varna—50 bales cotton yarn Swadeshi Mills Ltd.

For Izmir—65 bales cotton yarn Swadeshi Mills Ltd.

For Alexandretta—43 bales cotton yarn Sassoon J David and Co; 14 bales cotton yarn Phoenix Mills Ltd.

S.S. Heiman Maru for Kobe—100 tons iron scrap C Harilal and Co.

S.S. Ginyo Maru for Hongkong—50 bundles gum bhesabore Y E Dosabhoj.

S.S. Atlas Maru for Osaka—300 bales cotton raw G K Kalsha Ltd; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Kobe—1150 bales cotton raw G K Kalsha Ltd; 400 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co. Ltd.

For Dalren—100 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

**IMPORTS**  
Bombay, March 8.  
S.S. Bankura, Agents M M and Co., from Kowloon—20 bundles specie; 10 bags skins.

From Bahrel—1 tin gold.

From Mohmerah—83 bales cotton.

From Bushire—35 bales cotton; 46 bundles skins.

From B'Abbas—83 bags raisins; 23 bags zira; 155 bales cotton; 22 cases fruits.

From Muscat—82 cases pomegranates; 63 cases sardines; 1886 bags dates.

S.S. Talra, Agents M M and Co., from Durban—10 cases cheese.

From Mozambique—1267 bags cashew nuts.

From Zanzibar—5 cases ivory; 1 case gold bars; 40 bales cotton; 1937 bales cloves.

From Mombassa—100 bags fruits; 25 cases art silk; 21 cases ivory; 55 bundles cowries; 2269 bales cotton.

From Darasalam—133 bales cotton; 14 cases ivory.

S.S. President Harrison, Agents F F Campbell and Co., from San Francisco—175 drums lub. oil; 11 drums spirits of turpentine; 140 cases fruits, 8 cases drugs.

From Kobe—21 cases umbrella goods; 150 cases cotton piece goods; 41 cases ties; 235 cases nails; 1492 cases apples; 20 cases rubber goods; 55 cases cycle parts; 33 cases gramophones; 16 cases celluloid goods; 50 cases toys; 30 cases paper goods; 60 cases matting.

From Shanghai—1200 bags peas; 63 bales raw silk; 384 bags beans; 17 cases silk yarn.

From Hongkong—83 bags beans; 60 bales raw silk; 18 cases silk piece goods; 8 cases raw silk.

From Manila—231 coils rope.

From Singapore—162 bundles rattan.

From Penang—208 cases benzoe...

S.S. Nardava, Agents M M and Co., from London—400 cases types, 25 cases plywood; 126 cases beer; 17 cases motor cars; 303 cases boot polish; 182 cases medicine; 30 cases lamps; 25 cases lime juice; 225 cases spirits; 365 cases gin; 50 cases syrup; 94 cases insulators; 130 cases cement; 90 cases machinery; 110 cases Thnwere; 36 cases biscuits; 50 cases printing ink; 38 cases wine; 73 cases provision; 32 cases ovaline; 190 cases O'stores; 143 cases glass-

## Bombay Gazette

### Announcements

Mr. S V Joshi, B.A. (Cantab.), is appointed temporary Assistant Commissioner of Labour for a period of three months.

Mr. P M Lad, I.C.S., on completion of his training, to do duty as Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Satara, vice Mr. D C Joshi, LL.B.

Mr. Divakar Chintaman Joshi, LL.B., on relief, to continue to officiate temporarily as an Extra Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Satara, pending further orders.

The magisterial powers conferred on Mr. N B Muzumdar, Medical Officer in charge of the B J Hospital, Matheran, as they are no longer necessary.

Mr. M G Joshi, Deputy Governor, Borsal School, Dharwar, is appointed to officiate as Governor, Borsal School Dharwar vice Mr. D H Cowar, O.B.E. transferred until relieved by Mr. Keshavlal Hirralal of Police, Sind Railways, Karachi.

Mr. S E Histed, Superintendent, is granted leave on average pay for eight months from the 1st June, 1934, preparatory to retirement.

Mr. T A J Ayyar, Manager, Development Department Chawls, is granted leave for one month and twenty-five days with effect from 5th February 1934.—Mr. R Y Bendre to officiate vice Mr. T A J Ayyar.

Khan Bahadur Azimkhan Inayatkhani Durani, Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Sind, is granted leave on average pay for four months with effect from 1st March 1934 or subsequent date on which he may be relieved.

Mr. M A Awan, Assistant Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Sind, to act as Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Sind.

Mr. Metharan Butani, Auditor in Sind, to act as Assistant Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Sind.

Major S R Prall, M.D., B.Chir. (Cantab.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), I.M.S., to officiate as Superintendent, St. George's Hospital, Bombay, with effect from 2nd March 1934, pending further orders.

Mr. N B Baxter, I.S.E., Superintending Engineer (on return from leave), to act as Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government Public Works Department, vice Mr. C M Lane, I.S.E., proceeding on leave with effect from the 9th April 1934, or subsequent date of relief.

ware; 60 cases fuller's earth; 95 drums disinfectant fluid; 200 drums paint; 97 cases colour; 250 cases linseed oil; 60 cases turpentine; 56 drums distemper; 118 drums varnish; 397 drums lub. oil; 532 bales needshapers; 150 kgs. borax; 80 kgs. borice acid; 70 cases ghee; 40 cases whitening.

From Middlesbro—1077 bundles plates; 54 bundles steel bars; 260 bundles keys; 238 bundles steel flats; 1788 bundles steel sheets; 5150 bags chemicals.

From Antwerp—176 bundles steel joists; 427 bundles steel ties; 310 bundles steel angles; 225 bundles steel rivets; 450 bundles; 582 bales newspapers; 150 368 bundles rails; 260 bundles bolts and nuts; 52 bundles boards; 117 bundles washers; 175 bundles marbles; 1321 bundles steel rods; 2156 bundles sheets; 81 bundles tiles; 430 bundles window glass; 72 bundles wire.

From Bordeaux—60 cases wine; 156 cases brandy.

From Port Said—310 drums asphalt.

From Antwerp—176 bundles steel joists; 427 bundles steel ties; 310 bundles steel angles; 225 bundles steel rivets; 450 bundles; 582 bales newspapers; 150 368 bundles rails; 260 bundles bolts and nuts; 52 bundles boards; 117 bundles washers; 175 bundles marbles; 1321 bundles steel rods; 2156 bundles sheets; 81 bundles tiles; 430 bundles window glass; 72 bundles wire.

From Bordeaux—60 cases wine; 156 cases brandy.

From Port Said—310 drums asphalt.

## TO SEE AMERICAN FUTURES & LOTTERY NO.—A SPECIALITY

PRIZE RS. 100 IF PROVED OTHERWISE

Crystal or the Magic Mirror

This Crystal is set in a small box, the possession of which helps in removing the evil effects of planets. It secures you remedies for incurable diseases; cures you with success in litigations or examinations, with its help, you can talk with your dead relations and friends; you can see lottery and race tips, American futures, etc., you can foresee would-be bride or bridegroom. In short this Crystal presents your future events before your eyes like a cinema film. Price Rs. 2 only; Postage 0-6-0 extra.

Note:—We guarantee to return your money (without postage) if you do not approve of this wonderful Box. Beware of imitations. Correspondence strictly in English.

SEE WHAT OUR MAGIC CRYSTAL HAS DONE FOR OTHERS.

KUNWAR KALYANSHINGHI, ALAMPUR, Dist. Jhansi:—

"You have placed the world under obligation by introducing this wonderful Crystal. Heartly congratulations. I got my correct answers."

Kalurn Engineer, Pusad Dist. Yeotmal:—"Seen what is required. Thank you."

Ramchandra Anant Damle, Burhanpur:—"Got correct lottery No. through your Magic Crystal."

Gandhi Hirralal Maneeklal:—"Not only I but others also got good results from your Magic Crystal. We are thankful. Please send one more to one of my friends on the following address."

ORDERS FROM ABROAD.

H. M. Yousuf, Singapore, S.S.:—"Enclose herewith four shillings in postal orders for your Magic Mirror."

Bhulabhai Kalyanjee, Poonby W.I. New Zealand:—"Postal orders for 4/- enclosed. Please forward one Crystal."

Madhavbhai Chitabhai Patel, Post Box No. 61, Wellesley St. Auckland, New Zealand:—"Please send one Magic Crystal. British postal orders worth 4 shillings enclosed."

Mrs. Rajendralal, 48, Queens Gate Gardens, London, S.W. 7:—"I have heard about your Magic Glass. Please send me one."

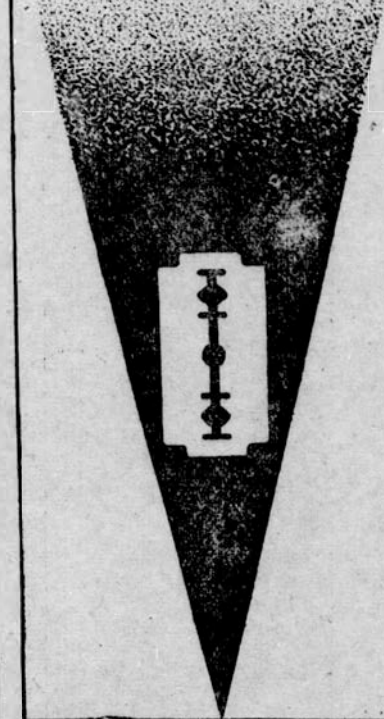
B. G. Tavde, Parel, Bombay:—"Got four correct American Figures through your Magic Crystal."

D. D'Souza, Matunga, Bombay:—"My friend recommended me and shown me your Magic Crystal. I have used it and succeeded. Please send me one per V.P.P."

Joshin Poskal Kotin, Basin Dist. Thana:—"My brother got two boxes of Crystal from you. He gets 3 to 4 correct numbers of American Futures every month. Please send one for me."

Write to PROF. JOUHARI, 230, Main Street, DEOLALI CAMP

# SAVE!



Save money by using Gillette Slotted Blades. Count the number of perfect shaves you get from one blade, then work out the cost per shave. You will find that by using these blades you obtain not only the best shaves but the cheapest shaves. It is the extra hardness of the steel employed in the manufacture of Gillette Slotted blades which means longer lasting cutting edges than ever before.

Gillette Slotted Blades are now greatly reduced in price.



Good Health means Happiness

## Dr. De JONGH'S

LIGHT BROWN

## COD LIVER OIL

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & ALL WASTING DISEASES

Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

## CITY &amp; SUBURBS

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

## To-day

Hindu-Fagan Vad 8, 1934  
Muslim-Zikr 22, 1934  
Fagan-Mehr 4, 1934  
Sunrise—6h. 53m.  
Sunset—6h. 47m.  
High tide—4.30, 18.45.  
Low tide—10.21, 11.28.  
Bombay Legislative Council 10 a.m.  
Wilson Philological University Lectures on "Life and Growth of Language," University Building (South Wing), 5-45 p.m.  
SATURDAY, March 10  
Bombay Legislative Council, 12 a.m.  
S. S. "Rawalpindi", with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.  
Bombay races: Third Day of Spring Meeting.  
Wilson Philological University Lectures on "Life and Growth of Language," University Building (South Wing), 5-45 p.m.

## NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

"Common Jurors" attention is drawn to the notices appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BAI GANGUBA'S V. S. CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.  
The total attendance during February was 316 of whom 152 were males and 164 were females of all castes and creeds.

## PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

In connection with the 67th Anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj Mr. V. S. Sohoni will conduct the Opening Divine Service to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

## The REGAL

The Theatre Magnificent  
(AIR-CONDITIONED)  
LAST NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's  
TYPICAL ENGLISH DRAMA OF  
A GENTLEMAN RAFFLES.

## "THE SOLITAIRE MAN"

With an English Cast  
LIONEL ATWILL  
(The Scotland Yard Nemesis)  
ELIZABETH ALLAN  
(The Silken Lure)  
HERBERT MARSHALL  
(The Solitaire Man)  
A REFRESHINGLY DIFFERENT  
TALKIE.

## TO-MORROW

AT 4: 6-30 & 10 P.M.  
SYDNEY HOWARD'S  
Celebrated Drama of a Woman  
Who Shows a Man the Road  
Back to Honour with two  
Great Stars:

MARIE DRESSLER  
LIONEL BARRYMORE  
In Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's  
HER SWEETHEART  
(CHRISTOPHER BEAN)  
A SENTIMENTAL AND HEART-  
WARMING COMEDY DRAMA OF  
NEW ENGLAND LIFE WITH  
PLENTY OF SYMPATHETIC  
HUMOUR.

Phone 22323. Book Now!  
Plans Open!

## The CAPITOL

Bombay's Leading Talkie House.  
LAST NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

The Star of "TIGER SHARK"  
IN A KNOCKOUT COMEDY EX-  
TOLLED BY THE LONDON  
PRESS.

EDW. G. ROBINSON  
In Warner Bros. First National

## "THE LITTLE GIANT"

Also a Pictorial Record of the  
MAYOR'S GARDEN PARTY

## TO-MORROW

AT 4: 6-30 & 10 P.M.  
RADIO'S RHYTHMIC  
MUSICAL COMEDY  
WITH SMART MODERN SITU-  
ATIONS, RAPID ACTION, MAR-  
VELLOUS MUSIC, UNIQUE DAN-  
CE NUMBERS AND A SWARM OF  
EYE-FILLING BEAUTIES.

## MELODY CRUISE

Starring:  
CHARLES RUGGLES  
GRETA NISSEN  
Packed With  
WONDERFUL GIRLS!  
OCEANS OF LOVE!  
MADDENING MUSIC!  
Book Your Seats Early!  
PLANS OPEN AT THE THEATRE.

## DAILY AMUSEMENTS

PATHE.—"On Sunday Afternoon"  
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
EXCELSIOR.—"Only Yesterday."  
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
REGAL.—"The Solitaire Man."  
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
CAPITOL.—"The Little Giant."  
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
CARLTON.—"The Merry Monarch."  
Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
WELLINGTON.—"Trouble." Daily  
at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
WEST END.—"Veer Babruvahan."  
Time as usual.  
ROXY.—"The Sign of 4." Daily  
at 6-30 and 10 p.m.  
KRISHNA.—"Navchetan." Daily  
at 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p.m.  
MIRVAT.—"Kishmat-ka-Shekar."  
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.  
PALACE.—"The Cuckoos." Daily at  
6-30 and 10 p.m.  
IMPERIAL.—"Vasavadatta." Daily  
at 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p.m.

## EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben.  
News Bulletin.  
7-45 p.m. Midland Studio Orchestra  
8 p.m. Foreign Affairs, a talk by Mr.  
Vernon Bartlett.  
8-15 p.m. Midland Studio Orchestra.  
8-30 p.m. Time Signal from Green-  
wich. B B C Orchestra.  
9-30 p.m. Charles Manning and his  
Orchestra.  
9-40 p.m. Music and the Ordinary  
Listener, a talk by Sir Walford Da-  
vies.  
10 p.m. Hotel Metropole Orchestra.  
10-30 News Bulletin.  
10-45 p.m. B B C Dance Orchestra.

## TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m. Time Signal and Commer-  
cial Bulletin.  
12 noon. European music.  
12-30 p.m. Indian music.  
1 p.m. Market opening rates and  
close down.  
6 p.m. Time Signal. Music from  
Pathe Cinema.  
6-30 p.m. Azmat Hussain in Indian  
songs.  
7-30 p.m. Market prices. Interval.  
8-15 p.m. Empire Relay.  
9 p.m. News, weather and market  
rates.  
9-15 p.m. The Cinema, a talk.  
9-30 p.m. Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra.  
Close down 11 p.m.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Outward P. & O. Mail Steamer  
"Strathairn" with the mails from Lon-  
don of the 1st instant arrived at Port  
Said at 6 a.m. on the 7th instant and  
left there at 10 a.m. the same day.

## POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore,  
China and Japan per S.S. "Ginyo-  
Maru" will be accepted at the General  
Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Friday  
the 9th instant.  
Superscribed unregistered Mails for  
Italy and Austria per S.S. "Victoria"  
will be closed at the General Post  
Office at 10-30 a.m. on Monday the  
12th instant.

K. R. CAMA ORIENTAL INSTI-  
TUTE.

Under the auspices of the K. R.  
Cama Oriental Institute, Professor  
Ponrou-Davoud will deliver, at the  
Institute premises, Sukhadala Build-  
ing, 172, Hornby Road, Fort, four lec-  
tures as under:—

Friday, Mar. 9: "The Nagians and  
the Age of Zarathustra."  
Wednesday, Mar. 14: "Ragha (Rao),  
the famous City."  
Friday, Mar. 16: "Is Gotama Bud-  
dha mentioned in the Avesta?"  
Tuesday, Mar. 20: "A Brief Review  
of Persian History."

The lectures are open to the public  
and will commence at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.)

A LECTURE OF CZECHOSLOVA-  
KIAN SPAS.

Dr. Max Wassermann of the Spas  
at Franzensbad in Czechoslovakia will  
deliver a lecture at 9 p.m. to-day  
(Friday) in the Gordhandas Sunderdas  
Medical College, King Edward Mem-  
orial Hospital, about his experiments  
and the theory of Medical Hydrology  
in the Czechoslovakian spas.

## IN AID OF BIHAR RELIEF.

Under the auspices of the Gandhi  
Seva Sena a recital of National Songs  
and Folk-Songs of Kathiawar will be  
given by Smt. Meghani at the Sir  
Cowasji Nanangir Hall on Saturday  
(24th instant) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

The rates of the tickets are Rs. 2  
and Re. 1. Tickets can be had at the  
Khadi Bhandar, 396 Kalbadevi Road  
and from Smt. Bomanjee Vijayaben  
Parikh, Dahanukar Bldg., Bomanjee  
Master Lane Kalbadevi.

## SRI VALEYAPETTAI SWAMI.

Under the auspices of Sri Visakha-  
dhitia Siddantha Sabha, Matunga, a  
condolence meeting was held on Tues-  
day to mourn the death of Sri Valey-  
pettai Swami, Srinivasa Thathachariar  
and his son Krishnaswami Thathachariar.  
tributes were paid to the sublime  
qualities of head and heart of the  
Swamigal who was the fountain of  
inspiration to all votaries of Vaishna-  
vaism.

BOMBAY COUNCIL NOMINA-  
TION.—The resignation by Mr.  
J. P. Brander, I.C.S., of his office  
of member of the Legislative  
Council of the Governor of Bom-  
bay, is accepted from the 8th March  
1934. With effect from the said  
date, Major A. Y. Dabholkar,  
I.M.S., being an official, is nomi-  
nated to be a member of the Leg-  
islative Council of the Governor  
of Bombay.

## "Muslim League Presidentship Not A Bed Of Roses For Me"

"I Shall Do My Best To Bring About Communal Unity" Assures Mr. Jinnah

BOMBAY, Mar. 8.  
"They have done me a very great honour. But it will not be a bed of roses for me." In these words Mr. Jinnah who, following the amalgamation of the two sections of the All-India Muslim League, has been elected its President described his new position in the course of an interview which he gave to the Associated Press to-day.  
"I SHALL DO MY UTMOST," "I shall do my utmost to adhere to and carry out loyally the objects of the League," said Mr. Jinnah, "but to achieve this I need the help and support not only of Mussalmans but also of other communities. The Mussalmans occupy a unique and very important position in the political movement of India. But at the same time, there lies a great responsibility on them and I believe that the future of India depends as much on their policy and their programme and their attitude as on that of the Hindus or any other community."

"SILVER LINING."  
"Since my arrival in India," added Mr. Jinnah, "I have received various suggestions from various quarters and I am beginning to see a streak of silver lining in the clouds of the political situation of India. But a very big effort is necessary. Can we achieve our object? Yes, provided we can restore complete harmony, co-operation and unity in the country. I have great faith in the political judgment of the Mussalmans and I am sure that they will not be slow nor lag behind any other community in their desire to stand by and work for the best interests of India."  
SAFEGUARDS.  
Referring to the question of safeguards for Mussalmans, Mr. Jinnah said that under the present conditions Mussalmans may legitimately claim protection and safeguards which are necessary to give them a sense of security in the future constitution of India "but they must not forget the higher interests of the country as a whole, interests which I have always considered sacred."  
WAITING FOR RESPONSE.  
Concluding Mr. Jinnah said that he would do his utmost to bring about friendly relations and a better understanding between the Mussalmans and other communities. "I have made fervent appeals to the leaders and I am anxiously waiting for a warm and earnest response."—A. P.



Mrs. Hamabai J. K. Mehta, sister of the late Sir Dinshaw Petit, second Baronet, has set apart a sum of Rs. 27,50,000 for scholarships to Parsi students going to foreign countries for training in technology and aviation.

## U. S. MILLIONAIRE'S INDIAN MISSION

Mr. Clan In Bombay To-day To Study Situation Of General Merchandise

Mr. W. T. Clan, a multi-millionaire of America arrives in Bombay, on Friday (to-day) morning by S.S. "Victoria" to review the industrial position of India, to take stock of the situation of the general merchandise in India and also to see and study the possible avenues of importation of articles of general use from India to America.  
It is believed that his amalga-  
mated stores is one of the leading syndicates of the stores of America.

## CHIEF JUSTICE TO GO ON LEAVE

The "Bombay Government Gazette" of Thursday's date pub-  
lishes the following:—  
Sir John Beaumont, Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court is granted leave for one month and two days from June 13 to July 19 inclusive and is permitted to prefix to the leave April 22 and the summer vacation of the High Court from April 23 to June 17 inclusive.

## SHAREHOLDERS PROTEST

The following telegram was sent by the Bombay Shareholders' Association to the Hon'ble the Finance Member of the Govern-  
ment of India on March 7:—  
"The Committee of the Bombay Shareholders' Association emphatically protest against the excise duty on sugar and matches as obnoxious and stifling the growth of infant industries. The Committee regrets that no financial relief has been granted to Bombay although it was badly needed. The Committee urges the removal of excise duty and grant of relief to Bombay."

## CAN A CATHOLIC PRIEST SIT ON JUDICIAL BENCH?

Some Questions For Hon. Magistrates

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

Recently a petition was presented to the Bombay Government by a large section of the residents of a Suburban District in B-mbay, protesting against the continuance of the appointment of an Honorary Magistrate who was convicted in a Criminal Court. So far nothing has apparently been done in the matter. A more knotty problem now awaits solution and that is whether a Roman Catholic priest could sit on the Bench as an Honorary Magistrate? There appears to be a very large section of Roman Catholics who are of the opinion that in view of the fact that a Roman Catholic priest hears confessions, it is not in the interests of justice to permit him to sit on the Bench to hear judicial cases. It is a curious fact, in the first instance, that a Roman Catholic priest should have accepted the office of an Honorary Magistrate. The rituals of the Catholic Church lay down certain punishments or "penance" for acts of misdemeanour, which an Honorary Magistrate is not in a position to impose from the Bench. Thus his dual duties must come

in conflict and either his vows must suffer or be ignored if he is conscientiously to administer justice.

## PREVIOUS CONVICTION.

Whether an Honorary Magistrate who has been convicted in a Criminal Court should be allowed to sit on the Bench any longer is a matter which should be taken up in the Legislative Council as Government evidently do not propose to take any action on the petition presented to them by the residents of the Suburban District.

## UNSATISFIED DECREE.

Apart from this there is also the question of unsatisfied Court decrees against some Honorary Magistrates. This may not be so serious a question. But like Caesar's wife, the public expect our Honorary Magistrates to be free and above suspicion of such worldly encumbrances. Even for the unpaid taxes of a local notified Area Committee they were forced to go to Court to recover their dues and obtain a distress warrant which has so far failed to prove effective.

## LATE MR. JUSTICE MIRZA

Floral Tributes At Funeral Ceremony

Touching scenes were witnessed at the funeral ceremony on Thursday evening of the late Mr. Mirza Ali Akbar Khan, Judge of the Bombay High Court.

Mass prayers were held at the Persian Mosque at Umrahkhadi, for peace of the departed soul, which were conducted by the Imam of the Mosque.  
Leading Persian merchants and prominent Muslims, in addition to leaders of all communities joined in the prayers. Floral wreaths from over a hundred organisations and individuals were placed on the cortege.

The funeral procession then moved on to the Persian cemetery at Mazagaon, to the accompaniment of hymns from the Holy Quran, chanted by the Moulevis, the members of the family of late Mr. Mirza following in the procession as chief mourners.

The route all along was lined by the police, as an honour to the late Mr. Mirza.

Representatives of all communities were present at the cemetery to pay their last homage, and all remained standing as the pall bearers brought in the cortege.

## LAST RESPECTS.

One by one, all paid their last respects to the departed. The A.D.C. to the Governor, offered a floral wreath as a representative of His Excellency.

Among those present to pay their tributes were, Sir John Beaumont, all the judges of the High Court and Small Causes Court, the Chief Presidency Magistrate and other Presidency Magistrates, prominent members of the Bombay Bar, including Sir J. B. Kanga, Advocate-General and Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan, Dr. M. C. Javle, the Mayor Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police, Mr. Kirpalani, Commissioner of the Municipal Corporation, Maulana Shaukat Ali, Messrs. Hussainbhoy Laljee, Noor Mohamed Chinoy, Fiaz Tyabji, Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram, Mr. K. F. Nariman, the Attache to the Persian Consul and the staff of the Consulate a large number of Municipal Corporation, and a number of ladies.

Mr. Reza Ali Reza Khan, brother of the late Mr. Mirza was the chief mourner.

(Details about the death of Mr. Justice Mirza and references in courts appear on page 12.)

## H. O. H. Fete Garden Village Committee

The President and Vice-President of the Garden Village Committee take the opportunity to thank the public for their generous assistance in connection with the working of the Garden Village Committee by gifts and cash for the purchase of gifts to be sold in the Committee stalls. All acknowledgments of these gifts as far as possible have been duly made except in a few cases where the names or addresses were not furnished accurately.

## ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES

Move To Prepare Fresh Electoral Roll

A Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary published on Thursday stated that "it is proposed to undertake the preparation, of a fresh roll for the constituencies of the Legislative Assembly within the Presidency of Bombay with a view to facilitating the preparation of the electoral rolls of the constituencies of the Legislative Assembly within the Presidency of Bombay. The local Government has directed that prior to the first publication there shall be a preliminary publication by the Collector of the electoral roll of each constituency of the said Legislative Assembly (except Indian Commerce Constituencies) or part of such constituency included within his jurisdiction, on Monday (14th May 1934) with notice that applications for enrolment received within fifteen days will be heard and decided by the Collector or other officer deputed by him in this behalf. The roll shall then, on the expiry of the above period, be revised, before publication, under regulation 2 of Part II of the said Regulations.  
"Therefore the Local Government has appointed the following dates for the publication of the electoral rolls of the constituencies of the Legislative Assembly within the Presidency of Bombay as specified below:—  
Saturday, (14th July) for first publication of the electoral rolls.  
Saturday, (18th September) for second publication of the electoral rolls.

## Bombay Council

## Nominations

The Governor has accepted the resignation by Messrs. R. M. Maxwell, and C. M. Lane of their offices of members of the Legislative Council and nominated Lieutenant-Colonel K. G. Gharpurey, and Mr. K. L. Panjabi, being officers, to be members in their place.

## REFRESH YOUR SCALP with LISTERINE



For a stimulating, invigorating hair and scalp treatment, nothing equals Listerine. Apply it liberally, full strength. Rub it in well with the finger tips. Massage the hair roots thoroughly... then see how clean and refreshed your head feels. Of course your hair looks better... smoother and more lustrous. It's a natural lustre, too... not due to oils or greases but to a healthy, vigorous scalp. Try the exhilarating Listerine treatment once and you'll want to make it a daily habit.

LISTERINE  
ANTISEPTIC

## P A T H E

Phone 41561.  
DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

## LAST PERFORMANCES

## GARY COOPER

IN AN ENTIRELY NEW ROLE

## "ONE SUNDAY AFTERNOON"

SEE IT WITH THE ONE YOU LOVE BEST.

## TO-MORROW—AN EVENT



I'LL WINK RIGHT INTO YOUR HEART... 100 GORGEOUS SHOWGIRLS!

YOU CAN SEE FOR YOURSELF IN The Biggest Musical Hit in Years

## "TAKE A CHANCE"

EVERY PLAYER A STAR! EVERY STAR AN ENTERTAINER! LOOK—

JAMES DUNN—JUNE KNIGHT—LILLIAN ROTH—CLIFF EDWARDS—LILLIAN BOND—DOROTHY LEE—LONA ANDRE—CHAS. (Buddy) ROGERS.

## FIVE GO!

## SHAPE!

## FILL

## SHAPE

## IT!.....



52 Weeks on Broadway

NOW ON THE SCREEN.

Book Right Now!

Telephone No. 22357.  
Post box No. 322.

Telegrams "Chronicle,"  
Registered No. B-1008

## The Bombay Chronicle

Red House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1934

### A USELESS DEBATE

The debate in the Legislative Assembly on the subject of expediting reforms was a useless one and, in some respects, worse than useless. It was useless partly because it had little reference to the essential question of the merits of the proposed reforms and because the member who initiated the debate with a cut motion quietly withdrew it on the strength of an empty assurance from the Government. It was worse than useless inasmuch as the exhibition of eagerness for the proposed reforms without any reservations about amending them is likely to be interpreted by the British supporters of the White Paper as a tacit and eager acceptance of that scheme. Finally, Government do not need to be reminded of the danger of delay. They are themselves anxious enough to throw some sop to Indians as early as possible, fondly hoping that it will allay discontent at least for a time. What they really need to be told is that their sop will not work even as a sop. This the present Assembly has not yet said and is not capable of saying.

#### Waiting For Crumbs

Raja Bahadur Krishnamachari, who initiated the debate, flaunted his indifference towards the merits of the proposed reform scheme by saying that he "did not mind the merits of the White Paper proposals but he was keen that they should be brought into force as early as possible." That is always the mentality of those who do nothing to win reforms and who look upon them as a matter of gift from some benefactors. Such persons will always be impatiently waiting for any crumbs that may be thrown at them. Sir Cowasji Jehangir made some attempt to impress upon Government the point that the nature of reforms was at least as important as the time for their introduction. But he expressed only the extreme moderate view in the country when he said: "Nobody in this country was satisfied with the White Paper. If the White Paper as it stands becomes law, there will be many ready to co-operate and work the constitution with the object of getting further reforms and putting further pressure on Government for that purpose. If the White Paper were modified, as suggested by the Indian delegates, then the reforms would be worked by a very large number of men in India with the object of making them a success and for a number of years the constitution would not require further amendment. Not only the moderates, but a large number of extremists, would work it." Sir Cowasji is utterly wrong in his expectation that if only the White Paper is amended, as suggested by the Indian delegates, a very large number of men in India, including "a large number of extremists," will be content with the scheme "for a number of years." It is naturally difficult for him to understand the aspirations of the people at the other extreme. The country that has made tremendous sacrifices for the real substance of independence is surely not going to be content for any length of time with an "ugly anthropoid," even if it is painted. However, Sir Cowasji will be himself disillusioned soon enough.

#### Let Disillusionment Come

For ourselves, we want the general disillusionment—at present we have no reason to expect any thing better—to come as soon as possible. And if only for that reason we do not like the labour of the mountain to be further prolonged. This business of watching the mountain has tired or sickened many and they will welcome with a sense of relief the squeak of the proverbial mouse if one comes out alive at all. In plain language the country would be relieved to know the worst as soon as possible. Without any further watching however, sceptically, the people will then concentrate their energies wholly on the task of achieving the real substance of independence. Earnest workers, however, or those who do not need to be disillusioned will not wait for the day of general disillusionment. They will continue their endeavours undisturbed by the travails of the birth of the expected "hideous grinning anthropoid."

### The Real Hitch

The reported break-down in the Anglo-Japanese textile negotiations is not very surprising. Among other explanations is the fact that the Japanese delegates are not so pliant as the Bombay millowners or so obliging as the Government of India. Despite the temporary break-down, however, the negotiating parties may yet arrive at a settlement, even if it should mean the sacrifice of the interests of a third party like India.

### The Late Mr. Justice Mirza

"He had a very lovable disposition and I am sure he had no enemies." In these few words Sir John Beaumont, the Chief Justice, correctly summed up all that could be said about the life and career of the late Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan, whose sudden death has come as a shock to many in Bombay whose friendship and esteem he enjoyed. And no man could wish for a greater tribute than the friendship and

esteem of his fellow-men. The late Mr. Mirza was not a very brilliant or erudite lawyer for the simple reason that his bent was a literary one. Had he devoted his life to literature rather than to Law his contribution to it would have been of a more enduring character than his work as a judge. A city like Bombay, where wealth accumulates and Culture and Art decay, can ill afford to lose men like the late Mr. Mirza.

### INDIA'S MILITARY EXPENDITURE: AS SEEN THROUGH OFFICIAL EYES

(Officially Contributed)

(We publish below the third of a series of articles officially contributed on India's military expenditure which the country regards as crushing and unjustifiable. We publish the series without, of course, accepting any responsibility for the views expressed therein.—Editor "B.C.")

Having now obtained some idea of the tasks to be performed, the next step is to examine the structure and strength of the forces placed at the disposal of H. E. the Commander-in-Chief to enable him to perform them. These forces are:

(1) The Army in India, consisting partly of the Indian Army and, partly, of units of all arms of the British Army serving in India.

(2) The Royal Air Force in India—a purely British Service—to which recently has been added the beginnings of a purely Indian Air Force.

(3) The Royal Indian Marine, which is a purely Indian Service. All defence forces are divided into two main classes—

(a) Fighting Services, and  
(b) Administrative and Ancillary Services, which supply the needs of the Fighting Services and enable them to fight.

In the present article we are concerned mainly with the Fighting Services. The Administrative and Ancillary Services will form the subject of a subsequent article, but it may be mentioned here that, with a few exceptions, they are all Indian Army organisations, serving the needs of the British and Indian Army fighting units alike, and also to a considerable extent those of the Royal Air Force and the Royal Indian Marine.

#### Fighting Units.

Until quite recently the fighting units of the Indian Army were confined, speaking generally, to the Infantry and Cavalry arms. This has now been altered. The Indian Army of the future will comprise all arms, including Engineers and Artillery, but the opportunity may here be taken to correct a prevalent misconception. The new policy does not, and cannot, involve the "Indianisation" of particular units of the British Army. It is as impossible to "Indianise" a Battery of Royal Field Artillery—which is a unit of the British Army—as it would be to "Indianise" a battalion of the King's Own Scottish Borderers or the York and Lancaster Regiment. An entirely new Regiment of Indian Artillery will have to be formed, which, in due course, will replace certain Batteries of Royal Artillery, but will not form part of that Regiment. So also with other branches and arms of the Service, including Administrative Services such as the Royal Army Veterinary Corps.

It need only be added that the Auxiliary and Territorial Forces and the Indian State Forces do not form part of the regular Army in India, although the cost of the former forces is met from the Defence Estimates, and certain supplies of equipment are made free to selected units of the Indian State Forces.

#### Naval Forces.

To start with the naval forces as usual the position is that before the war, the Royal Indian Marine maintained a fleet of 12 vessels, of which five were employed as station and lighting ships or for other purposes at Aden, on the Burma coast, in the Persian Gulf and the Andaman Islands; two were used for marine survey and five were transport or used for transport work.

None of these ships was armed, nor were the personnel trained in combatant duties. The total cost was about Rs. 67 lakhs. Some of the ships and many of the officers and men took an active part in the war; but they did so as individuals and not as a combined Indian Force.

The reorganisation that took place after the war contemplated a combatant force consisting of one depot ship, four sloops, two patrol craft vessels and four small trawlers, besides the two survey ships. The cost was estimated at Rs. 63 lakhs, but at that time it was hoped that it would be possible to lease the R. I. M. Dockyard in Bombay. The Dockyard has been retained and the Royal Indian Marine at present consists of one depot ship, four sloops, two patrol craft vessels and one survey ship.

The second survey ship and the four trawlers have been scrapped owing to retrenchment; and the total cost in 1932-33 stood at Rs. 64 lakhs. So far from any increase having taken place, it will be seen that the force has diminished, both in numbers and in cost; nor is there any likelihood that the present policy will be

(Continued on Page 8)

## TOWARDS ASIATIC UNITY

(By M. B. SANT.)

It may be within the recollection of many of us that the late lamented Mr. C. R. Das was almost the first in the country to conceive the idea of an All-Asiatic Federation. But he was not destined to give it a definite shape. It is, however, encouraging to note that efforts though spasmodic to bring together all the free and oppressed nations of Asia are being made by the leading Asiatic countries.

About the year 1926-27 two sessions of Asiatic Federation were held, one in China and the other in Japan. A conference of Asiatic workers was convened at Calcutta in 1929 and, through the efforts of Fundit Madan Mohan Malaviya, a session of an All-Asiatic Educational Conference met at Benares in December 1930.

This conference was a grand success and was attended by educational officers occupying very high positions in their respective countries. There were delegates from China, Japan and several other Asiatic countries, who mingled freely with each other and took part in the discussions of various important subjects affecting education. The Chinese delegates were found to be more open-hearted and were enthusiastic in praise of what they saw in India. This example of

the Benares Conference deserves to be followed up.

#### A REAL NEED

There is a real need now of organising in India an All-Asiatic Social Conference. Our country being the birth place of Buddha is naturally held as sacred by the Chinese, Japanese and other Buddhist countries of the East.

This conference ought to confine its attention purely to the discussion of social problems, and the promotion of social intercourse to create a better understanding among Asiatic Nations, who had been so long indifferent and apathetic towards each other, owing to the barriers of language and other circumstances.

#### WHAT THE CONFERENCE SHOULD DO.

I am giving below a brief sketch of my ideas regarding the topics which should come under the purview of this conference:—

(1) Study of habits, etiquettes, social ideals, customs and manners, methods of marriage and other important family functions.

(2) Translations of each other's folklore, study of main historical facts, dramatic literature, reproduction of each other's cinemas and talks in place of English, German and American talks and films, or the endless "ad nauseam" repetitions of our puranic and historic events. This idea if accepted will introduce

## Need For An All-Asiatic Social Conference

features of novelty and will bring together the different races of Asia more easily and effectively.

(3) There ought to be an art and industrial exhibition also, to display the paintings, drawings, hand-crafts, as well as products of factories, large and small working in different parts of Asia. Raw products of Asiatic countries ought to find a place in this All-Asiatic show.

(4) For the present, the medium of communication will be English but gradually efforts should be made to evolve a "Lingua Franca" for the whole of Asia. If possible, Hindustani should be that medium by common consent.

(5) A comparative study of Eastern music, pastimes and sports should also be encouraged through the writings of well-known experts.

(6) A study of present day religious and social tendencies.

(7) Inquiry into the ways by which different countries of Asia have solved the problem of the depressed classes.

(8) Condition of girls' education.

(9) Physical training of boys and girls.

(10) The problem of education: percentage of literacy, condition of technical scientific and industrial schools and how far of technical schools have helped.

(Continued on Page 9)

## FRANKLY SPEAKING

#### CAPITALISM AT WORK.

In the first week of March, the national revenue of Great Britain exceeded expenditure by four and a half million pounds "and raised the current surplus after including the debt and the sinking fund payments to six million four hundred thousand sterling." These figures indicate a condition of undoubted and flourishing prosperity. Supposing that to be the case it appears a little tragically anomalous that the unemployed should be counted in millions and the relief to them should be insufficient even to maintain them on the very margin of subsistence. But this is the characteristic feature of Capitalism—penury amidst prosperity. What is more, the surplus will go in to help the rich, who are deprived of some of their luxuries and not the poor, who are being starved of bare necessities of life.

#### I. L. O. AND AMERICA.

It is the good fortune of the International Labour Office that the American Delegation of Observers to the 1933 Sessions of its conference has recommended U. S. A.'s affiliation to it. The National Recovery Campaign is primarily a desperate attempt to save Capitalism. But it is based on shorter hours and higher wages. The presence of America, the world's leading country, as a full-fledged member is likely to assist in the advancement of the real object of the International Labour Office, namely, the welfare of the workers. American participation is bound to tell in some measure on the attitude of the rest of the capitalistic world, which believes that industrial prosperity can only be possible at the expense of those who are the real producers and purchasers of commodities. The advantages to the United States themselves are also considerable as pointed out by the Delegation in its reference to "the competition among countries due to inequalities in wages and hours of work."

#### ANXIOUS SITUATION.

The strike situation in Sholapur continues to be anxious. The strikers are being exhorted to bring about a closure of all the mills and allegations of violence on and by the workers are becoming very common. Whatever

turn the strike takes, workers should be scrupulously careful not to countenance violence in any form. They have a very good case and should not spoil it by bad tactics. The statement issued by Mr. S. S. Mirajkar shows that the mills concerned have been making large profits and have no justification for any cut in their wage-bill. If his assertion is true that the women-workers in the mills get only Rs. 5 or 6 per month, that is a scandalously low wage and justice and humanity require that it should be appreciably increased rather than at all lowered.

#### U. P. FIVE-YEAR PLAN.

In view of the growing popularity of planned economy in India as elsewhere, the Five-Year Plan recommended by the Industries Reorganisation Committee, recently appointed by the U. P. Government in accordance with a resolution of the Legislative Council, will be of much interest to the whole country. The main general recommendations of the Committee are the co-ordination of all the agencies, official and non-official, to work the scheme, more State-aid, the use of electricity for industrial purposes and the establishment of a commercial museum to carry on propaganda and secure orders, and of a State-aided Joint Stock Company to set up stores in important towns. The plan is a modest one and appears to be quite workable if both Government and the public co-operate fully. But the policy of levying excise duties on indigenous industries is hardly calculated to encourage industrial development.

#### ROOM FOR ECONOMY.

The figures of expenditure on the Lloyd Barrage, as quoted by non-official critics in the Legislative Council, should convince any disinterested person that there is considerable room for retrenchment in that expenditure. Now that all the principal constructive operations are practically complete, it does not seem necessary to continue to employ as many as five Superintending Engineers and 28 Executive Engineers. Sir Ghulam Hussain pleaded that the expenditure on the P.W.D. in Sind was steadily decreasing. But he did not show that it had decreased enough. There is still cause for the impression in Sind that the P.W.D. there is a "dumpling ground for surplus staff."

### Press Views

#### Vicious Principle

The principle involved in the contribution made by Sir George Schuster to Bengal is of a vicious nature. We are not surprised that Bombay should have entered a strong protest both against the principle involved and the subsidy. If Bengal has not been able to balance its budget, at best what the Central Government could have done was to grant a loan to Bengal, in the same manner as loans have been granted to other provincial governments, in the past. It is true Bengal has had to incur a heavy expenditure to quell terrorism, but so has Bombay had to spend a considerable amount for suppressing Civil Disobedience. It should be the duty of a provincial Government to deal with political movements independently of any help from the central exchequer, and to remove the causes which provoke such movements, so far as possible. If this principle is laid down Provincial Governments would probably endeavour to spend more money on avoiding Civil disturbances than on suppressing them. —"National Call."

#### Beneful Finance

Indian industrialists who have invested capital in the sugar industry are to be penalized by an excise duty but the Swedish match concerns are to be compensated for the excise they will pay by countervailing import duties. Indigenous tanners are to suffer in order that foreign manufacturers may get their hides cheaper. No wonder Europeans and importers are showering congratulations on Sir George Schuster for his scientifically planned budget, as they have won all along the line. A budget that has no retrenchment proposals to make, that raids the sinking fund, that piles up taxes on taxes, that stirs up provincial jealousies, that stiffens the aims of protection by excise duties and that points to worse measures to come to check the industrial advancement of the country, is nothing of which the Finance Member can be proud. Unless it is drastically altered by the legislature, the coming year will be a worse one than the year that is about to close. —"Hindustan Times."

Opposing the Capitulation Grant, Mr. Churchill claimed that he and his friends had exposed "one of the most disagreeable phases of inner working in connection with the Indian policy."

The other "most disagreeable phase" was, of course, suppressed for "military reasons."

"Even though his family have got rich very suddenly, that young fellow seems to have plenty of common sense." "Don't let his mother hear you say that. She hates anything common."



The French Minister of Commerce who will open trade negotiations between Britain and France is one M. L'Amoureux (The Lover).

This is evidently a gallant French tribute to the great influence exercised on the British Government by the Old Lady of Threadneedle Street.

According to the "Daily Telegraph" of London, the M. C. C. tour has "revealed both fine batsmen and fine bowlers" in India. Thanks.

It has also revealed, unfortunately, the utter lack of Umpires, Controllers, Selectors and—lest we forget—organising secretaries of Proper Cricket Associations.

Mr. Ranga Iyer has sought to assure Government that if Reforms came immediately the Right Wing Congressmen would come into the Legislature. Otherwise the Left-Wingers would get a chance for another revolution. Whether Government take the hint, whether Right Wing Congressmen—whoever they may be—come into the Legislature, Congress must get ready for another Ranga Iyer visitation. He has given fair warning.

But the Reforms, we now confidently predict, are coming all right. Signs are unmistakable. Prospective Ministers have begun to sit up, foresee and make preparations in advance.

Sir Hari Singh Gour, therefore, demanded in the Assembly that the All-India Services should be immediately transferred to his care—sorry, what we mean is that they should be "provincialised". Nothing has come of it and nothing will. But Sir Hari Singh has our good wishes. We earnestly hope that he will at least be elected to the "reformed" Council.

Maulana Shafi Daudi too supported Sir Hari Singh on behalf of the "entire Muslim community." But then Maulana Shafi Daudi always prefers matters of fact to modesty.

Let us wish him also well, although poor Bihar is already devastated enough.

The best and the most relevant contribution to the discussion about Services was, however, made by Sir Harry Haig. The attitude of M.L.A.'s was, he noted with appreciation, "friendly and fair and in no way inspired by feelings." Such being the happy position "it is important that that should go out to the country and to the people of England."

Having pointed out the real moral of the demand, Sir Harry very tactfully refrained from dealing with the demand itself lest it disturbed the "friendly" atmosphere. Well done Sir Harry! Long live the I.C.S.!

But M.L.A.'s had better beware. If they put forward a demand that although the Army is necessary for the defence, it must be Indianised, Mr. Tottenham would get up, congratulate the House on its "friendly and fair" attitude towards the Army and promise to announce the fact in India and England—forgetting all about the latter part. The demand would then be duly rejected.

Examples of course can be multiplied: (1) ratio and 18c ratio, (2) Excise duty and Lancashire excise duty, (3) Government and Swaraj and so on.

Whether the number of injured at Sholapur was 3 or 100 it is surprising that Mr. Bell should have had no information despite the fact that the fracas was reported by the "Times of India." Mr. Bell almost implied that he did not read the "Times of India", which is still more surprising.

Opposing the Capitulation Grant, Mr. Churchill claimed that he and his friends had exposed "one of the most disagreeable phases of inner working in connection with the Indian policy."

The other "most disagreeable phase" was, of course, suppressed for "military reasons."

"Even though his family have got rich very suddenly, that young fellow seems to have plenty of common sense." "Don't let his mother hear you say that. She hates anything common."

## State Of Alarm Proclaimed In Spain Fear Of New Revolution Throughout Country 100,000 MEN ON STRIKE

MADRID, March 7.

A state of alarm has been proclaimed in Madrid at 8-10 p. m. There are 100,000 men on strike.

The proclamation of alarm was made ten minutes after the Home Minister told the Cortes that Government did not consider it yet necessary.

The new Lerroux Government is expected to be short-lived, as it depends on the Rightist and Royalist support. Strikes are being organised throughout the country, and are believed to be in accordance with the specific plan of a revolution.

### TENSE SITUATION.

A later message states that a state of alarm has been proclaimed throughout Spain. The situation is tense, but there are no incidents.

Twenty-five thousand iron and steel workers are striking on Friday, and also 5,000 newspaper workers.—Reuters's Special.

## Churchill's Wild Charges In Army Grant Debate He Has Returned To Charge Which He Had Failed To Substantiate, Says Mr. Butler

LONDON, March 8.

The report stage of the supplementary estimate was reached in the House of Commons after midnight.

Mr. Winston Churchill said that on March 6 he had not developed his contention that Sir Samuel Hoare was influenced in fixing the defence grant by the need for securing an additional fund in order to carry out his policy, but having consulted Sir Samuel's evidence at the Select Committee, he contended that there was not the slightest doubt that Sir S. Hoare had a mind to use this additional grant for the purpose of furthering his scheme of Federation and the Home Rule.

Mr. Churchill quoted Sir S. Hoare's reply to the Select Committee last summer when Major Atlee inquired if there was the possibility of a part of the burden of Indian defence being transferred as an Imperial burden, to which Sir S. Hoare said that the matter has been referred to the Capitulation Tribunal and deferred his reply until the autumn.

ONLY POSSIBLE COURSE. Mr. R. Butler repeated Sir S. Hoare's reply that he preferred to await the Tribunal's report which was the only possible course. He was unable to see any possible objection to it.

Mr. Butler thought it one of the successful marks of Sir S. Hoare's term of office that a thorny and difficult question which was outstanding for many years had been brought to a successful conclusion.

The report stage of the supplementary estimate was then reached.

### Hard Tussle

Mr. Churchill said that the Tribunal is reported to have indicated that the contribution should be made but did not give the figure. Sir Samuel Hoare then went to the Chancellor of the Exchequer and Mr. Churchill expected that there would be a hard tussle between them. Every-

one who knew anything about the Governmental concerns knew that it had nothing to do with Sir S. Hoare's explanation of March 6 of how the amount was arrived at but it was a question as to what the Chancellor of the Exchequer thought was the least that he could concede.

The Chancellor received a severe mauling such as no other occupant in his office in the last 30 years would have tolerated. Mr. Churchill said this burden was now permanently fixed on the people of Great Britain. He and his friends were exposed to one of the most disagreeable phases of under-working in connection with the Indian policy which would be permanently disastrous to the British interests.

Mr. Butler replied said that Mr. Churchill returned to the charge which he had so little success in substantiating on March 6. He added that he was glad of the opportunity of calling the attention to the lamentable exhibition which Mr. Churchill and his supporters have made on that occasion. The deduction which he (Mr. Butler) drew from Sir S. Hoare's evidence on this matter at the Select Committee was totally different from: Mr. Churchill's.

Sir S. Hoare's reply to Major Atlee was straightforward and the only reply possible in the circumstances.

Continuing Mr. Butler said that Sir S. Hoare repeated on March 6 exactly what he had said in his evidence, namely, that it was the important question which had been constantly discussed between India and Britain for many years. He declared it disposed of the theory that the matter has been trumped up at the last moment in order to support the Government's scheme.

Mr. Churchill interrupted and said he did not suggest the matter was trumped up at the last moment, but that it was recently brought into prominence from its seclusion.

## STRATOSPHERE BALLOON Will Start On Its Journey By End Of March

(Special Cable).

MOSCOW, March 7.

An automatic stratosphere balloon, equipped with mechanical brain, will be ready to invade the stratosphere by the end of this month, according to Professor Molchanov, Chief of the Leningrad Air Institute.

He reports that the trial model has reached an altitude of twelve miles, and sent automatic radio signals during its flight indicating the altitudes it reached.

### INTERNEE JAILED

BERHAMPUR (Bengal) Mar. 8. Sushil Kumar Sen-Gupta an internee at Dhubail in this District was sentenced under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act to 8 months' rigorous imprisonment for posting an uncensored letter.—United Press.

## HARIJANS MUST LEAD CLEAN LIVES Gandhiji Addresses Conference At Bijapur

(From A Correspondent)

BIJAPUR, March 8.

The District Harijan Conference met exactly at 3 p.m. Mr. Shankargouda presiding the President advocated reforms and co-operation with the British Government. Smt. Bharamanna Samagar, Chairman of the Reception Committee moved a resolution for the abolition of internal untouchability among Harijans. Ten other resolutions were passed.

Mahatma addressed the Conference and answered objections regarding the word Harijan. He said that it had no traditional meaning attached to it and exhorting Lingayats to be tolerant to other faiths and advised Harijans to lead clean life.

Mahatma attended Harijan boarding. Miss Miraben addressed a ladies gathering.



The Hon. Mary Pickford, M.P., died of pneumonia in her home at Kingston Dale near Buxton on Tuesday.

## VON PAPEN TO VISIT ROME To Resume German-Vatican Negotiations

ROME, March 7.

As announced von Papen will arrive in Rome on March 14. It is understood to try to resume the German-Vatican negotiations which were broken off after banning by the Vatican on February of a book by Dr. Rosenberg dealing with the Nazis' ideas on religion.

A piquancy is added to von Papen's visit by the fact that he will arrive in Rome on the same day as Dr. Dollfuss and Herr Gombos, whose visit is apparently regarded with suspicion in Germany.—Reuter.

## LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL ELECTION Labour's Fight For Power

LONDON, March 8.

Polling in the London County Council triennial elections, which is only second in importance to the Parliamentary election, is proceeding over a wide area today.

Labour is making a determined effort to wrest power from the Municipal Reform Party. The present position of parties is:—Municipal Reform Party, which is identifiable politically with the Conservatives, 43.

Labour, 37; and Liberal, 6. Six Municipal Reform Party men were returned unopposed for two constituencies, but there are 269 candidates for the remaining 118 seats spread over 59 divisions. There are two million voters, but less than 28 per cent. polled in 1931 compared to 37 per cent. in 1922. The results of most of the constituencies will be announced to-night.—Reuter.

## JAPANESE TO CONSIDER BRITISH PROPOSALS Memorandum On Geographical Scope

LONDON, Mar. 8.

The Anglo-Japanese textile talks have been adjourned till March 14 to afford an opportunity to the Japanese delegates to examine the new British memorandum regarding the geographical scope of the discussions.—Reuter.

## PRINCE MARRIES PLEBIAN Large Crowds At Caxton Hall

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Mar. 8.

Large crowds gathered at the Caxton Hall Registry Office this morning at the marriage of Prince Sigvard of Sweden to Miss Erica Patzek.

The Prince had previously signed renunciation of royal rights.

## LOYAL INDIANS OF SOUTH AFRICA

DURBAN, Mar. 8.

Indians in South Africa participated in expressions of loyalty to the British throne at a banquet given to Prince George and also at a gathering attended by 22,000 including 12,000 children who garlanded the Prince.

Sir K. Maharajasingh, Agent-General India, was present on both the occasions. His suggestion that Prince George should visit India was applauded by Indians.—Reuters's Special.

Mr. K. B. Harper has been elected Chairman of the Burma Chamber of Commerce for the coming year.—A. P.

## SOVIET'S OFFER TO U. S.

Ready To Buy 500,000  
Cotton Bales If Credit  
Terms Are Arranged

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, Mar. 8. The announcement that the Soviet has proposed to purchase 500,000 bales of United States cotton if suitable credit terms were arrangeable, was made by Mr. Jesse Jones, Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, following the conference of officials of the Export and Import Bank with M. Bogdanov, Chairman of the Soviet Trading Corporation.

Mr. Jones added that the bank trustees had not yet come to a decision on the Soviet's suggestion for five-year credit.

## TREASURY TO ISSUE NEW 3 p. c. NOTES

Morgenthau's Offer To  
Certificate Holders

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, March 8. Mr. Morgenthau announced the offer to holders of the 46,000,000 Dollars Treasury Certificates, maturing on March 15, to convert them into the four-year 3 per cent. notes.

The move eliminates cash subscriptions and has surprised the financial quarters which expected an announcement of a much larger borrowing.

## AIRMAIL CONTRACTS TO BE RETURNED?

Roosevelt Suggests Three  
Years Plan In Message  
To Congress

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON, March 8. President Roosevelt in a special message to the Congress, suggested that the airmail contracts should now be returned to commercial companies. New contracts should be negotiated as soon as possible.

He recommends that the contracts should be granted for a period not exceeding three years "on full and fair competitive bidding with a limitation rate of compensation above which no contracts can be awarded."

The President proposes legislation to protect public interest and prohibit awarding of the contracts to any companies, whose officers were parties to obtaining former contracts under the circumstances which were contrary to good faith and public policy.

## 10,00,000 CAN BE GIVEN WORK

Gen. Johnson Suggests Further  
Reduction In  
Working Hours

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

NEW YORK, Mar. 7. General Johnson expresses the opinion that out of 600 industries surveyed, 30 per cent. will be able and probably willing to further reduce working hours which will suffice to absorb 10,00,000 new workers.

The Labour Committee of the House of Representatives, unanimously voted for a flat thirty-four week in N. Y. A industries subject to modification in case of labour shortage and emergencies.

## JACK DOYLE WINS Court Orders Boxing Control Board To Pay

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Mar. 8. The High Court ordered the British Boxing Control Board to pay Jack Doyle 3,000 sterling. The amount was withheld after the British Championship contest July between Doyle and Peterson.

The Board held that Doyle was not entitled to receive payment as a consequence of his hitting below the belt, for which the referee disqualified him.

## United Lodge Gives 250 Guineas

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Mar. 8. The United Grand Lodge, of England granted 250 guineas to the Lord Mayor's Earthquake Fund with the suggestion, if possible, that some part of the contribution should be allocated to the relief of Europeans in distress.—Reuter.

## M.L.A.s. DISCUSS ECONOMIC PLANNING FOR INDIA

(Continued from page 1)

mind and he immediately tendered his apology which Sir Abdur Rahim accepted. Thereafter the motion was allowed to be withdrawn.

To-morrow the House begins discussion of demands on genuine cuts and on Saturday the guillotine will be applied and every plea asked for by Government will be voted without a cut, thus creating another "record" in the annals of this "co-operating House".

NEW DELHI, Mar. 8.

In the Assembly to-day the whole day was devoted to the discussion initiated by Mr. James of the European Group for a planned economy. His suggestions were specifically four and he emphasised that they were made not in the interests of any one community or of special interests, but in the economic interests of India as a whole, so that India might become a giant among the nations.

ARCHAIC ARRANGEMENTS. The first suggestion was the need for the redistribution of Government portfolios. This, he said, was necessary because the present arrangement was archaic and was made at a time when individualism and departmentalism were rampant.

COMMUNICATIONS. There should be one Member in charge of all Communications like roads, the railways, civil aviation, inland water transport and the Posts and Telegraphs.

AGRICULTURE AND LABOUR. Furthermore, there should be a member for Agriculture and Labour for better planning, swifter decisions and greater co-ordination of work. This member could have under his control the Central Board of Education and Central Board of Public Health.

TARIFF BOARD. The Tariff Board should be made a permanent body and its composition should be strengthened by the inclusion of persons with recent experience in commercial, industrial and customs affairs. The Board should also act as a permanent advisory body for the Government of India on all tariff matters.

ECONOMIC COUNCIL. The third suggestion was the formation of an Economic Advisory Council. Such a body could act for the industries and do what the Imperial Council for Agricultural Research was doing for agriculture.

The suggestion was a necessity for overhauling the existing commercial treaties and agreements. Attempt should be made so that the machinery might adapt itself to the needs of economic and industrial adjustments.

REORGANISE OLD DEPTS. Dr. Ziauddin supporting Mr. James, welcomed the suggestion of amalgamating the commerce and industries portfolios. He urged the reorganisation of several of the old departments in the Government of India. These, he held, had become unsuitable for the present conditions and suggested a proper method of dealing with the problem of racial discrimination.

PARTING OF WAYS. Mr. N. M. Joshi remarked that the economic machinery of the world had become very complex owing to the recent tendency of countries to nationalise industries. No country could recover economic prosperity by following haphazard methods. So far as Mr. James' motion goes, his economic plan would find support from all sides, but he feared that, when they went into details of the proper distribution of wealth, it would be the parting of ways between the European community and the rest. Proceeding, Mr. Joshi, put a special plea for labour. His opinion was that no plan would be satisfactory unless they took into consideration other plans set up in the world. He concluded with a plea for the establishment of a separate department for Labour in the Government of India.

ALIVE TO DEFECTS. Mr. G. S. Hardy (Central Board of Revenue) said that the Government were fully alive to the defects of tariff both in its presentation. Mr. Hardy hoped that it would be possible to place before the House a consolidated tariff which would be reasonably intelligent.

ANQUAETED AND COMIC. Mr. H. P. Mody said that the distribution of portfolios was not only antiquated, but, in some cases, almost comic. He endorsed the strong plea of Mr. James for an immediate reorganisation of portfolios. Time would come for them to organize certain Ministries outside the Cabinet as was the case in England and "The expense would be more than justified by the results."

VERY OBJECTIONABLE. Mr. Jadav asked Government to do something to improve trade and industry and not to confine its task to imposing tariff duties only. He believed that Government's method of raising revenue through excise duties was very objectionable.

WHAT GOVT. HAS DONE. However, Government realized

## JEWS CANNOT MARRY ARYANS

German Court Grants  
Divorce To Christian  
For First Time

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, March 7. For the first time in German legal history, the Court granted divorce to a Christian merely because his wife was a Jewess.

The marriage was contracted before Chancellor Hitler came into power.

The Judge commented that to pair a member of that race with a member of the Aryan race was not only not desirable for the latter but harmful and unnatural.

## MADRAS CONSPI- RACY CASE

Prakasam Addresses Jury

MADRAS, March 8.

Mr. L. H. Bewes, Special Crown Prosecutor, having concluded arguments in the Sessions trial of the Madras Conspiracy Case, to-day, Mr. Prakasam, Defence Counsel, commenced his address, to the jury. He contended that under Section 162, Cr. P. C., statements to the Police of approvers and the confessional statement of the first accused were not wholly admissible, but portions of such statements could be relied upon by the defence for the purpose of contradiction.

Mr. Prakasam further contended that the retracted confession of the first accused could not be relied upon unless corroborated by independent and reliable witnesses.—A.P.

## GHAZIPUR AFFRAY.

BENARES, March 8.

Details of the recent communal affray at Ghazipur obtained as a result of enquiries made of Mr. H. S. Crosthwaite, Commissioner, Benares Division, show that while a procession of low caste Hindus was taken out to celebrate the Holi festival on March 2nd at Ghazipur city, their shouts and songs annoyed some Muslims and led to a free fight. The Kotwal, who was waiting near by in the Town Hall to meet emergencies immediately proceeded to the spot, but was unfortunately struck on the bridge of the nose by a brick which rendered him senseless. The Superintendent of Police was forthwith informed and he quelled the riot without the use of force.—A.P.

## MILK FAMINE THREAT.

NEW DELHI, March 8.

Delhi City is threatened with a milk famine. Ghosis (milkmen) have given notice to the Municipal authorities and the public that in case the buffalo tax of Rs. 5, recently imposed, is not rescinded within a fortnight, they will not only stop the supply of milk but will also allow any ghost to milk the cows or buffaloes of the citizens.—A.P.

that its machinery required strengthening. They had already set up a Central Statistical Bureau and he personally thought that they should also have men who would be economists and practical men, on whom Government could depend for thinking out the problem and for scientific examination.

Summing up, Sir George Schuster said that the Central Government would have a small organisation of permanent officials and the Central Council might be had after the result of the provincial experiment was known. He welcomed the debate especially as the matter had been initiated by him in his budget speech.

JAMES REPLIES. Mr. James replying to the debate urged that no departmental prestige should stand in the way of redistribution of portfolios and felt that the Economic Advisory Council was necessary in the case of India, where the Executive was irremovable. He said he expected a better speech from the Leader of the Opposition and characterised some of Sir Abdur Rahim's remarks as irrelevant. Mr. James wished to withdraw the motion, but as a protest against his attack on the Leader of the Opposition, Independents refused to agree to the withdrawal. On a division being called 43 voted for withdrawal and 49 against, a majority of members remaining neutral.

APOLOGY TO ABDUR RAHIM. Mr. James sincerely apologised for his remarks against Sir Abdur Rahim, who was his old and close friend. Sir Abdur Rahim accepted his apology and said that the incident was closed. Thereupon, the motion was withdrawn and the House adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

# TWO DAYS MORE TO COMPLETE 2 LAKHS

## Readers' Views

### MR. JINNAH FOR ASSEMBLY

To The Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—Appropos of the return to India of Mr. M. A. Jinnah, after serving the cause of India's freedom in England, the more thoughtful section of Mussalmans has been concerned about finding for Mr. Jinnah some scope for further public service in India at this most critical juncture in the history of Mussalmans, and of the whole of India. In the political arena of the Assembly, Mr. Jinnah had, for very many years, been one of the most outstanding personalities and, as the acknowledged leader and interpreter of Muslim thought and ideals, enjoyed a prestige within his own community and with the other sister communities, second only to E. H. the Aga Khan. His skill in debate, his proud reply, spiced with invective whenever occasion demanded, his profound knowledge and appreciation of Muslim needs and aspirations marked him out as their best protagonist, while his broad and catholic views towards the other communities won not only their admiration and regard, but also led them to look up to him here as well as in England as an All-India leader, whose love for the Motherland never came into conflict with his own Islamic culture and ideals.

It is, therefore, an urgent problem not only for Muslims, but all interested in the impending future of India when her constitution is being hammered into shape, the political anvil to see that Mr. Jinnah is placed in his old seat in the Assembly benches as the recognised leader of Indian Muslims. Owing to an unhappy combination of circumstances, Muslims have of late years been suffering an eclipse of their natural influence in the Assembly hall, since their advocates Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, and Mr. R. M. Chino have been for one reason or another unable to do justice to the claim of their co-religionists. It is, indeed, unfortunate that a man of experience like Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola should be so continuously prostrate with illness, that he had to vacate the Presidency and is practically out of the currents of the life of the Assembly. Mr. R. Chino, representing Bombay City has not figured as a front ranker which is the urgent need of Mussalmans. Is it too much to hope that either of these gentlemen will be prepared to step out of the interests of his community gracefully to retire in favour of Mr. Jinnah? Fresh from his work in England and after contact with the views of all political workers interested in Indian affairs Mr. Jinnah will, no one doubts, contribute largely to the further uplift of his countrymen in the hall of the Assembly where he will be in the best position to use his undoubted ability and experience to the best and most permanent advantage of his community and country.—Yours, etc.

M. T. KADERBOHY,

President,

Anjumane-Zia-ul-Islam.

March 8.

### Treatment Of Political Prisoners

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Director of Information has issued a Press Note denying the allegations made in the Press, regarding the treatment of political prisoners in the Sabarmati Jail, by a political prisoner who had first hand experience of the jail life during the period under reference. I have had some experience of jail life in this prison and from information gathered from reliable sources, I consider it a solemn duty to the general public to state a true state of things as it existed. The Director has made much capital of the so-called ceremonial visits of the officials and non-officials. He also states that the prisoners were free to approach these gentlemen for complaints regarding their grievances. Any one who has been an inmate of a jail knows what these visits are worth. Coming to the allegations themselves, all political prisoners know what kind of food-stuff was supplied. Regarding the vegetables, it was a long time after the complaint, resulting in the prisoners' refusing to take it unless improvement was made that the improvement was made to some extent only. Regarding medical treatment and indiscriminate assignment of work,

I am giving below some instances. Sjt. Gordhanbhai Amin, whose weight was 85 lbs. when admitted in Sabarmati Jail, was reduced to 66 lbs. at the time of his release and he was given hard work along with his release; the result is his brain is affected. Sjt. Ranchoji Jiwani Desai was suffering from bleeding piles, dysentery etc. but no dietetic change was made, nor was he given any proper treatment till the complaints in Press were published; although it is clear from the medical chart that the duration of the disease is of nearly five months. He has lost nearly 29 lbs. up-to-now. Sjt. Valjibhai Desai a scholar and a lecturer in Gujarati College, was given chaki for which work he is totally unfit as he keeps very indifferent health. Lastly let me give my own experience. I was in Sabarmati Jail during the administration of Mr. Advani more than four times. At least twice I was given chaki when my weight was below 75 lbs. And no sooner was I transferred to other prisons I was given extra diet on medical grounds instead of "chaki."

Regarding other points of grievances of prisoners the following are the typical ones involving breaches of rules laid down in the Bombay Jail Manual.

- (1) Regarding accommodation. The barracks which are hardly capable of accommodating 40 prisoners are made to accommodate 45 to 50 prisoners.
- (2) There are only 6 latrines in some wards for 100 to 120 prisoners and in some others 2 latrines for 60 prisoners which are very insufficient. Under the rules one latrine is required to be provided for every 6 prisoners which is never done.
- (3) Urine tubs are kept in open in the yards without any screens which are necessary for decency and privacy.
- (4) There is scarcity of water for bathing and washing.
- (5) Facilities for persons coming for interviews are most inadequate.

In August last when 17 of us were detenus my friend, Sjt. Valjibhai Desai, asked for copies of rules re the treatment of detenus. The Superintendent refused to supply the copies of the rules and we had to send a written representation to the District Magistrate.—Yours etc.

KESHAO CHITRE,

### Clark's Defence

To The Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—Closely following on the heels of my letter re: Clark's amazing conduct in Ceylon comes his explanation. When I last wrote I least expected that after the sorry figure he had cut in Ceylon, he would come out with what he considers to be an ingenious story of the leaf. Does Clark imagine that the leaf story would even (let alone adults) beguile school-boys? With a face of injured innocence, he comes out with the defence that he used the spikes of his shoe to remove a leaf that obstinately stuck to the ground. He admits—and that is a fatal admission—that he ought to have used less violent methods in removing the leaf. If he knew all this, why did he not remove it with his hands? Did Clark not know that a person is presumed to know and intend the consequences of his own acts? And how is his silence over the umpire's queries on the field to be construed? The fact is that this leaf story is an afterthought which might perhaps delude a village farmer ignorant of the game and devoid of all imagination. The world of Indian Cricket does not surely consist of gullible and credulous fools who would gulp down any story however, illustrious its author may be.

But then we need not pursue these thoughts any further. The M.C.C. will be shortly leaving the Indian shores. "Bon voyage" India! The tour has given to the M.C.C. its Indian cricket. The tour will leave a long trail of memories which we shall dearly cherish—some of them pleasant and some unpleasant. Clark's conduct and the aftermath will belong to the latter class.—Yours, etc.

"VIJAYAKUMAR."

Borivli, March 8.

Of the total collection of Rs. 12,000 by the "Aj" the local paper, Rs. 10,000 was sent to Babu Rajendra Prasad's Central Relief Fund. The second instalment of Rs. 2,000 was despatched to-day to Babu Rajendra Prasad.—United Press.

## Gujarati Women Of Cochin Remember Bihar

### You Must Facilitate Mahatma's Work By Sending Liberal Donations

Mahatmaji has suspended the Harijan programme so as to be able to devote all his time to relief work in Bihar. Will our readers not facilitate his work by prompt contributions?

Rajen-Babu in his letter to us appreciates the efforts made by our readers. But Bihar's need is great and urgent, and he wants them to pay as much as they can.

According to latest statistics available the loss in towns only, apart from the countryside, in the devastated area, is estimated at 10 crores.

"As more and more information comes in, the more tremendous does the task appear to be. We have to help sufferers in rebuilding their houses, repairing and replacing damaged wells and reclaiming large tracts of land covered with sand. But, more than anything else, I am apprehending a severe famine within the next two months which may necessitate the distribution of food to the people, whose number may swell to lakhs"—So says Babu Rajendra Prasad in his latest appeal. Will our readers be so callous as to fail to respond to the appeal?

On Thursday our readers contributed only Rs. 1,300, including Rs. 400 from Gujarati women of Cochin. This makes the total collections up-to-date Rs. 1,84,100.

Bihar's need is great and urgent and Bombay must maintain its reputation by paying the most it can and as soon as it can. Our readers must, at least, subscribe two lakhs. Bihar needs 15 crores for the work of relief and reconstruction. For temporary relief alone a crore is required.

All cheques sent to the "Chronicle" should be drawn in the name of the "Chronicle" Earthquake Relief Fund.

In this humanitarian work all service counts. The rupee of a poor man is as welcome as a thousand rupees of a rich man. We, therefore, appeal to heads of offices and firms to collect subscriptions from their employees and send the amounts to us to be forwarded to Babu Rajendra Prasad.

We publish below list of contributions received on Thursday:—

|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     |                                                            |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Manibhai Haribhai (Kotha)                                                                                                      | 15 0  | G S Jasodabai Manekchand Dharashahi         | 7 0 | Ghulbhai Nenshibhai                                        | 1 0    |
| T M Jagtiani, Proprietor, Bombay Sports Depot                                                                                  | 10 0  | G S Rambhadrabhai Rughnath Jutha            | 7 0 | Bhatubai, mother of Jamnadas                               | 1 0    |
| M K G Durnad                                                                                                                   | 25 0  | A S Sejabai Laxmidas & one piece of khaddar | 5 0 | Laxmibai, daughter of Bhilisheth                           | 1 0    |
| Ajarpura (Anand) Public through a Ramanlal Moholai as below:                                                                   | 125 0 | G S Jivibai Parshotam Ghelabhai             | 5 4 | Gulababai Keshavji                                         | 1 0    |
| Shia Ramanlal Maholai                                                                                                          | 51 0  | G S Memibai                                 | 5 0 | Premkuberbai Popatlal                                      | 1 0    |
| Doshi Harjivan Laxmichand                                                                                                      | 11 0  | G S Laxmibai Hathibhai                      | 5 0 | Sakarbhai, mother of Nanalai                               | 1 0    |
| Fatel Frabhadus Manobhai                                                                                                       | 7 4   | A S Gangabai Kanjibhai                      | 5 0 | Manekbhai Panachand                                        | 1 0    |
| Fatel Maganlal Devji-bhai                                                                                                      | 6 0   | G S Monghibhai, President of Hanali         | 5 0 | Mankuber, mother of Harilal                                | 1 0    |
| Fatel Hormanbhai Nathabhai Co.                                                                                                 | 5 0   | A S Jivibai Dwarakadas                      | 5 0 | Moghlibai Dharsi                                           | 1 0    |
| Fatel Margabhai Gokal-bhai                                                                                                     | 3 0   | A S Jankuberbai                             | 5 0 | Kasturbai Tokarshi                                         | 1 0    |
| Fatel Lalubhai Avachal-bhai                                                                                                    | 2 0   | A S Manchhaiben Jagjivan                    | 5 0 | Motibai Kashirambhai                                       | 1 0    |
| Fatel Lalubhai Naran-bhai                                                                                                      | 2 0   | G S Vrajkorbai Nemidas                      | 5 0 | Manekbhai Prabhashankar                                    | 1 0    |
| Fatel Becharbhai Dwar-kadas Co.                                                                                                | 5 0   | G S Kabibai Karasandas                      | 5 0 | Nathibai Mundashth                                         | 2 0    |
| Fatel Fakirbhai Haribhai                                                                                                       | 5 0   | A S Bachubai Damodar                        | 5 0 | Gomatibai Premji                                           | 1 0    |
| Fatel Baberbhai Mahabhai                                                                                                       | 2 0   | A S Rambahabai Pragji                       | 5 0 | Lilbhai Varadhaman                                         | 1 0    |
| Fatel Bapujibhai Bhulabhai & Co.                                                                                               | 2 0   | G S Jekorbai                                | 5 0 | Jenyabai Manekji                                           | 1 0    |
| Fatel Motibhai Kashi-bhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | A S Champakbhai Vaj-lamji                   | 5 0 | Manibai Motilal                                            | 2 0    |
| Fatel Motibhai Baberbhai                                                                                                       | 1 0   | Nandkuberbai Mulji-jutta                    | 5 0 | Lanabingabai Jagjivan                                      | 1 0    |
| Fatel Motibhai Bhanjibhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | A S Champabai Vithaldas                     | 5 0 | Tarabai Talakshi                                           | 2 0    |
| Fatel Fulabhai Avachal-bhai                                                                                                    | 1 0   | G S Parvatibai                              | 4 0 | Rallabhai Devedhand                                        | 2 0    |
| Fatel Ichhabhai Ranjibhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | A S Zaverbai Amar-chand                     | 4 0 | Jekuberbai Umedchand                                       | 1 0    |
| Fatel Motubhai Gir-dharbhai                                                                                                    | 1 0   | A S Zaverbai Manek-lal                      | 4 0 | Nandkuberbai Amrat-lal                                     | 2 0    |
| Fatel Dahyabhai Gogalbhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | A S Champakben Chamanlal                    | 4 0 | Ramkuberbai Haridas                                        | 1 0    |
| Fatel Punjabhai Marayabhai                                                                                                     | 1 0   | G S Manekbhai Parbhu                        | 3 0 | Jambhabai Daya-shanker                                     | 1 0    |
| Fatel Dahyabhai Motibhai                                                                                                       | 1 0   | A S Tarabai Narayan                         | 3 0 | Dhanbai Muljibhai                                          | 1 0    |
| Dave Mathurbhai Chhaganbhai                                                                                                    | 1 0   | G S Rallabhai                               | 3 0 | Vejibai mother of Jivraj                                   | 1 4    |
| Fatel Moragabhai Shankarbhai                                                                                                   | 1 0   | A S Amratbhai Dahya-shanker                 | 1 4 | Vrajkorbai Girdhar                                         | 1 0    |
| Fatel Vaghjibhai Gokal-bhai                                                                                                    | 1 0   | A S Monghibai Rup-shanker                   | 2 0 | Ujambai Hargovind                                          | 1 0    |
| Fatel Ambalal Baberbhai                                                                                                        | 1 0   | A S Ujambai Chatur-bhai                     | 2 0 | Revabai Maganbhai                                          | 2 0    |
| Bhatt Chaturbhai Harjivan                                                                                                      | 1 0   | A S Murbai Shamji                           | 2 0 | Sakarbhai Gokaldas                                         | 1 0    |
| Fatel Somabhai Shankerbhai                                                                                                     | 1 0   | A S Vrajkorbai Popatlal                     | 2 0 | labhji                                                     | 2 0    |
| Fatel Shivabhai Bakorbhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | Bhamabai Jetashibhai                        | 2 0 | Bhagirathi Bhagwanji                                       | 1 0    |
| Fatel Somabhai Baberbhai                                                                                                       | 1 0   | Kasturbai Laxmidas                          | 2 0 | Kalavanti Karsandas                                        | 1 0    |
| Shah Muljibhai Dhanjibhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | Fatel Muljibhai                             | 1 4 | Kunverbai Jateshanker                                      | 1 0    |
| Fatel Motibhai Mathurbhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | Asbai Meghibhai                             | 1 4 | Manibai Laljibhai                                          | 1 0    |
| Fatel Sanabhai Naran-bhai                                                                                                      | 1 0   | Ruxmanibai Dahyabhai                        | 1 4 | Ratanbhai Mellar                                           | 1 0    |
| Bhatt Ramshanker Hargovan                                                                                                      | 1 0   | Manekbhai Premjibhai                        | 1 4 | Sakarbhai Gokaldas                                         | 2 0    |
| Fatel Harman Baberbhai                                                                                                         | 1 0   | Velabai Kalyanji                            | 1 0 | Hirabai Jethalal                                           | 2 0    |
| Fatel Somabhai Bakerbhai                                                                                                       | 1 0   | Laxmidas Narandas                           | 1 0 | Kasturbai Laxmidas                                         | 2 0    |
| Fatel Manorbhai & Punambhai                                                                                                    | 0 12  | Keshavji                                    | 1 0 | Mithabai Gokaldas                                          | 2 0    |
| From Gujarati Ladies, residents of Cochin, through Head Mistress Gangabai Patel, received through Velji Shivji & Co. as below: | 400 0 | Manekbhai Chulnal                           | 1 0 | Dhanbai Ghelabhai                                          | 1 0    |
| A S Jethal Hirjibhai                                                                                                           | 30 0  | Zaverbai Kalyanji                           | 1 0 | Kesarbhai Hathiram                                         | 1 0    |
| A S Laxmibai Popatlal                                                                                                          | 15 0  | Manibai Purshotam                           | 1 0 | Kamalabai Fulchand                                         | 1 0    |
| A S Gangabai Jeramdas                                                                                                          | 11 0  | Gomatibai Thakurshi                         | 1 4 | Champabai Bhanji                                           | 1 0    |
| A S Hirabai Anandjibhai                                                                                                        | 11 0  | Fatel Vithaldas                             | 1 0 | Manekbhai Dulabhji                                         | 1 0    |
| A S Murbai Bhanjibhai                                                                                                          | 10 0  | Kanjibai Dharshi                            | 2 0 | Gulabhai Ambashanker                                       | 1 0    |
| A S Khetbai Ladhubhai                                                                                                          | 10 0  | Kantabai Sobhagya-chand                     | 2 0 | Jemnabai sister of Chhaganlal                              | 1 4    |
| A S Gangabai Patel, Head Mistress                                                                                              | 10 0  | Ratanbhai Vithaldas                         | 1 0 | Devakabai Hirechand                                        | 1 0    |
| A S Indrabai Popatlal                                                                                                          | 7 0   | Manekbhai Moraji                            | 1 0 | Lilaveti Ithwarlal                                         | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Laxmibai Ratanshi                           | 1 0 | Ujambai Haridas                                            | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Premabai Premjibhai                         | 1 0 | Manibai Jateshanker                                        | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Jamanabai Kanjibhai                         | 1 0 | Laxmibai wife of Vakil Hemkuberbai sister of Durakishibhai | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Ambabai Rughnath                            | 1 0 | Godavariabai Amar-chand                                    | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Radhabai Dharshi                            | 1 0 | Prabhakunverbai Haridas                                    | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Manekbhai Dwarakadas                        | 1 0 | Zaverbai Zaverchand                                        | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Peravatiabai Ratansi                        | 1 0 | Monghibai mother of Jethalal                               | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Kamalabai Coimbatore                        | 2 0 | Sakarbhai Karasandas                                       | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Kusumlatibai Amratlaj                       | 2 0 | Davkunverbai Jamnadas                                      | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Kanakmanibai Nanalaj                        | 2 0 | Kasumbabai Harilal                                         | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       | Devkunverbai Purshotam                      | 1 4 | Hiravanti Haridas                                          | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Sardabai Ru Doctor                                         | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Sentokabai Jivabhai                                        | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Ratanbhai Hirechand                                        | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Jamnebai Brothers wife of Mulchand                         | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Monibai Champshi                                           | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Mithabai Jeramdas                                          | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Mankunverbai Uttamchand                                    | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Kashibai Manishanker                                       | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Students fund of Vidyalaya                                 | 1 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Sitaram Banaji                                             | 2 0    |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Miscellaneous                                              | 18 15  |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Total                                                      | 403 15 |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Less Expenses                                              | 3 15   |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Total Rs.                                                  | 400 0  |
|                                                                                                                                |       |                                             |     | Merchants of Lasur (Nizam State) through Magan-            |        |

### Revive The Fete

It is stated that the Hospital Maintenance Committee will be able to give to the Provincial Government two lakhs of rupees for hospitals from the receipts of the H.O.H. Fete, which closed on Monday. The Fete was a remarkable and successful organisation, which ended with success. The total gross income from the H.O.H. Fete is stated to be about four lakhs. This is in no way a small amount considering that trade depression has hit the city hard. This amount and the amount collected from the city for the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund show that Bombay has tried its best to keep up to its reputation of being the first in the field for helping suffering humanity. Though the H.O.H. Fete has officially been closed down, there are thousands in the city who have not seen it, and there are others who would like to see it once again. If the Mayor and the Central Earthquake Relief Committee officials consult and decide on reviving it for the benefit of the Bihar sufferers at least for a fortnight, Bombay can easily send a lakh more to Bihar.

### A Milk Combine

A knotty problem facing the public of Bombay is the action likely to be taken to prevent the

operations of a combine who have "cornered" milk in the city. The combine, we are told, consists of several prominent dairymen who have by their organisation succeeded in establishing a system by which a large portion of the milk collected in the city is made to pass through their hands. The combine have fixed an artificial price of Rs. 6 per maund to retail dealers at present and as a result a large quantity of this necessity of life is denied to those who cannot afford to pay the price. An outcome of these operations is that a large quantity of milk, left unsold, is converted into cream, which process entails the loss of several thousand pounds of milk per day, which was normally being consumed by the poor and middle classes. Apart from the total waste of the life-giving properties of this nutritious, healthy competition, which has hitherto been a feature in the marketing of this commodity, has almost totally disappeared.

Another factor of the problem is that it is questionable whether or not the operations of the combine will contribute towards the sale of pure and unadulterated milk.

### INDIA'S MILITARY EXPENDITURE

(Continued from page 6.)

changed by the conversion of the force into a Navy.

On the other hand, there has been a great increase in efficiency. One new sloop, "Hindustan," had to be built in 1927 to make up the numbers required on reorganisation; and another is now being built to replace one of the old patrol craft, which is no longer serviceable. This accounts for the fact that the budget estimate for the current year has risen to about Rs. 77 lakhs. These two new sloops are of the most modern type and cost about Rs. 22 lakhs each. Both they and the older vessels are armed with 2 (or in one case 3) 4-inch guns and 4 three-pounder guns. When the new sloop is finished, the combatant fleet will consist of five sloops and one patrol craft vessel, which is smaller, but faster than a sloop. The sloops themselves are small vessels of about 1,300 tons with a speed of about 15 knots, while the patrol craft are under 700 tons with a speed of about 20 knots. It will be many years, probably, before India can afford to possess a single cruiser or light cruiser. A 7,000 ton cruiser costs over Rs. 2 crores to build. The two newest battleships in the Royal Navy cost about Rs. 10 crores each. When these gigantic figures are considered and when, further, it is remembered that a single battleship like "Nelson" costs about as much to maintain per year as the whole R. I. M. and carries a complement which exceeds the total strength of the Indian force, it will be realised that India's naval development is still very much in its infancy. H. M.'s Indian ships, however, already possess the honour of flying the White Ensign, like the Royal Navy and the Dominion Navies; and the whole force—consisting of about 100 officers and 1,200 ratings—is animated with a spirit of the greatest keenness. The personnel, except for the officers, are Indian ranks are being steadily Indianised at the rate of one Indian to every two British officers; but the competition among Indians has hitherto been disappointing.

(To Be Continued.)

|                                                                     |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ram Chandanmal as below:                                            | 289 0 |
| N A Gajapathy                                                       | 10 0  |
| Dhattatraya Abhya                                                   | 11 0  |
| Ambadoss Curtonchu                                                  | 12 0  |
| Moreswara Row, Post Master                                          | 1 0   |
| Chandasmal Surajmal Lannmonda                                       | 31 0  |
| Sarupchand Uttamchand                                               | 31 0  |
| Bhinraj-Jeevanlal                                                   | 15 0  |
| Hajarinil Punam-Chand                                               | 31 0  |
| Gangaram Doulatram                                                  | 1 0   |
| Rahimtulla Sha Mohomed                                              | 1 0   |
| Nandaram Chulnal                                                    | 2 0   |
| Funamchand Heeralal                                                 | 31 0  |
| Lakman Rowpade, Headmaster, Lasur                                   | 2 0   |
| Headmaster, Lasur                                                   | 2 0   |
| Gulabchand Ram-chander                                              | 6 0   |
| Ishoor Ahmed Saib, Sub-Inspector of Police                          | 10 0  |
| Mrs. Zaboar Ahmed                                                   | 4 0   |
| Motilal, Agent, Narayan-das Chulnal                                 | 5 0   |
| Jisraj Manekchand                                                   | 4 0   |
| Nandaram Nemidas                                                    | 6 0   |
| Yedoo Jalal                                                         | 1 0   |
| G. Dharma Rajan and Himatram Chulnal                                | 1 8   |
| Kati Pippalgaon                                                     | 1 8   |
| Kishan Trimbak and Lalitram Kishandas                               | 5 8   |
| Ganesh Sivchan and Gopal Row A S M                                  | 3 8   |
| Anand Roopham Multan-mal                                            | 5 0   |
| Birdchand Kachardoss                                                | 3 0   |
| Ramkishen Murlidar                                                  | 4 0   |
| Jawarmul Pamoolal                                                   | 2 0   |
| Malbule Kheda                                                       | 2 0   |
| Juravarnul Mangilal                                                 | 1 0   |
| Italraj-Jeswathral                                                  | 1 0   |
| Mohanlal Girdaril and Kati Pippalgaon and Bajee Row Patel, Vind-ged | 1 8   |
| Balchand Heeralal                                                   | 11 0  |
| Doulat Ram Kushalchand, Silgaon                                     | 25 0  |
| Panlal Gocachand                                                    | 10 0  |
| Total Rs.                                                           | 289 0 |

|                                                                           |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Through the Residents of Bhangvadi Cement Chawl                           | 16 0  |
| Sha Keshavil Bhanan Zingnadarwala as below                                | 16 0  |
| Jadanjibhai Gandh. and Tapubhai                                           | 11 0  |
| Gandhi                                                                    | 5 0   |
| Mangaldas Pragji                                                          | 16 0  |
| Total Rs.                                                                 | 272 1 |
| Staff of the "Bombay Chronicle", "Bombay Samachar" and "Bombay Sentinel"  | 51 0  |
| Fat Club, Bombay                                                          | 15 0  |
| Mahmed Usman Alarakhia, (wife, Alaya Seth)                                | 10 0  |
| Gulamhusain Alarakhia (wife Alaya Seth)                                   | 10 0  |
| Mrs. Alarakhia                                                            | 5 0   |
| Jahorabai Alarakhia (wife Alaya Seth)                                     | 6 0   |
| Nagindas Jethabhai                                                        | 2 0   |
| Brokers and staff of Sutar Bazaar, through Lalubhai Umedram Shah as below | 66 0  |
| Broker Ranchhodas Narayandas & Co                                         | 11 0  |
| Broker Chimanlal Damodar                                                  | 2 0   |
| Staff of Yarn Bazaar                                                      | 53 0  |
| Merchants as below                                                        | 11 0  |
| Vijal Bhuderdas                                                           | 5 0   |
| Vithaldas Chhotalal                                                       | 5 0   |
| Nathalal Chhagan                                                          | 2 0   |

|                                                           |      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------|
| Kantilal Kachara                                          | 3 0  |
| One Brother                                               | 2 0  |
| Chimanlal Nathalal                                        | 2 0  |
| Popatlal Hathising                                        | 2 0  |
| Jethal Lalubhai                                           | 5 0  |
| Trikamlal Nathalal                                        | 1 0  |
| Staff of Chimanlal Mohanlal                               | 3 0  |
| Staff of Maganlal Prabhudas, through Chimanlal Chhaganlal | 10 0 |
| Sanalal Hargovind                                         | 1 0  |
| Khodidas Ghelabhai                                        | 2 0  |
| Khubchandbhai                                             | 1 0  |
| Chimanlal Lakhmi-chand                                    | 2 0  |
| Lilachandbhai                                             | 1 0  |
| Total Rs.                                                 | 53 0 |
| Grand Total Rs.                                           | 66 0 |
| One Parsi Sympathiser through P. M. Shukla                | 5 0  |
| Vinayak A. G. Kirtikar                                    | 5 0  |

## CAWNPORE MUIR MILLS DEADLOCK

### Workers Down Tools 'En Bloc' To Protest Against Wage-Cut

CAWNPORE, Mar. 6. All workers, numbering 3,500, of the Muir Mills downed tools at 3 in the afternoon on Monday last as a protest against wage-cuts and the withholding of bonus. They all gathered in the Parade grounds and held a meeting there.

This has caused a stir in the City and some nervousness appears to have been caused amongst the Cawnpore Mill-owners, as it is taken to be a direct result of the local Mazdur Sabha's agitation for a General Strike of Textile Workers.

#### SEQUEL TO WAGE-CUT

The wages of the Muir Mills Workers had been recently reduced considerably but it is alleged that instead of adopting the direct method of cutting down the wages on the various fabrics, the management of the Muir Mills had adopted an indirect method.

They had changed the numbers of the fabrics that they had been manufacturing till then, and had fixed a lower rate of wages for these newly numbered fabrics. The workers understood all this and they were very uneasy in this connection.

Yesterday, at about 2-30 p.m., the news reached the Weaving Department that Sir Thomas Smith the Managing Director of

the Mills, was going to England in about a fortnight's time.

**STOPPAGE OF HAZIRI**  
This news raised their uneasiness to a very high pitch, as they feared that the payment of Rs. 2 per head per month known as Haziri for good work, which had been stopped nine months ago and whose restoration Sir Thomas had been promising from time to time as early as possible, would not be paid after he had left Cawnpore.

So, they immediately struck work. Department after department was closed, until at 5 in the evening all the workers had downed their tools.

At 5-3 in the evening, the workers all gathered in the Parade grounds, where a meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Harihar Nath Sastri, President of the local Mazdur Sabha and of the All-India Trade Union Congress.

The Police were present throughout.—United Press.

#### Cawnpore Textile Crisis

CAWNPORE, Mar. 8. The labourers held a meeting last evening and decided to declare a general strike in all textile mills.

The District Magistrate has issued a notice requiring the people not to molest the labourers who want to join work.—A. P.

## RAIN TO DECREASE IN U. P. & PUNJAB

### Temperature Remains Below Normal In Central India

POONA, March 8. The low pressure area over south-west Punjab has filled up after causing widespread rain and thunderstorms from the North-West Frontier Province to East United Provinces, and a few light thunder-showers in Bihar and West Central Provinces. A fresh western disturbance lies this morning as depression over North Baluchistan and has caused scattered showers there.

Temperature remains below normal in the United Provinces, Central India, Rajputana and the Punjab.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Patna quarter; Mukteswar three-quarters; Benares half; Jubulpore half; Allahabad, Bahraich, Mainpuri, Bareilly and Musorie quarter inch; Ludhiana two inches; Hissar one and a half inch; Sialkot three-quarters; Dha rampur, Dalhousie and Cherat one inch; Lahore, Sonamarg, Peshawar, Parachinar and Miran-shah half; Rawalpindi, Khushab, Srinagar, Dera Ismail Khan, Port Sandaman, Harnal, Murree and Simla quarter inch.

**FORECAST:**—Rainfall will decrease in the United Provinces and South-East Punjab, and continue to be widespread in rest of the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province. Rainfall will also increase in Kashmir and Baluchistan.—A. P.

## FALL IN CITY'S TEMPERATURE

### About 2 Degrees Below Normal On Wednesday

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 8-3-1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —0.10 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 63.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 82.5 degrees 2.4 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 67.5 degrees 2.5 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 57 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 174 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 0

**OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING** DATED 8-3-34.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 73.0 deg F. a mercury barometer with

thout index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.15 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.96 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

## INTER-VARSITY CONFERENCE

### Need For Industrial And Technological Education

NEW DELHI, March 7.

That Universities should produce more and more students equipped with technological and industrial training was one of several far-reaching decisions reached by the Conference of the Universities of India over which Prof. Langley presided. The conference first took up the resolutions drafted by the sub-Committee which was presided over by Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya. In the absence of the Pandit who arrived late due to indisposition, Sir C. V. Raman moved:

"That the Conference welcomes the proposal of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research to establish a Central Technological Research Institute for special industries relating to agriculture."

Sir C. V. Raman next moved "That the Conference is of opinion that basic and technological training is best accomplished through the Universities and should form an increasingly important part of the University Education and that to enable the Universities to perform this function the Central and Provincial Governments should be requested to give special help to the Universities for this purpose."

Sir Akbar Hydari moved an amendment that after the words "Central and Provincial" the words "States" should be added. He said that they must demand funds from Indian States as well.

The amendment was accepted.

The house accepted another amendment substituting the words "studies in relevant faculties" for the word "Education" and the resolution was unanimously accepted.

Sir C. V. Raman next moved:

"The conference is of opinion that basic and technological training should be supplemented by training in special industries either in factories or in workshops and in special cases, where necessary, the University may itself provide such facilities."

A LENGTHY DISCUSSION FOLLOWED. The house, ultimately, by a majority, accepted Dr. Paranjpye's amendment which made it incumbent on the Universities to set up demonstration plants. The resolution, as accepted reads:

"The conference is of opinion that, as an essential for degree in Technology, basic and technological training should be supplemented by training in special industries by means of demonstration plants and later on in factories and workshops."

Mr. G. E. Fawcett, Director of Public Instruction, Bihar and Orissa, next moved that the following clause should be added to this resolution:—That the Government departments and private firms which receive contracts from Governments should co-operate in providing this training."

The amendment was unanimously accepted.—A. P.

#### TOWARDS ASIATIC UNITY

(Continued from page 6).

ed the countries in improving their economic condition.

**POINTS OF AGREEMENT.**

The following countries should be invited to take part in this social work:—

Turkey, Tibet, Burma, Borneo, Ceylon, Arabia, Sumatra, China, Siam, Syria, Japan, Indo China, Nepal, Mesopotamia, Bhutan, Korea, and Persia, Manchuria.

It is needless to point out that in the civilization and culture of Eastern nations, India will find more points and agreement than divergence, when compared with the culture of Western countries like England and America.

We ought to take advantage of these points of agreement as often as possible. This conference should not rest content with passing a lot of bombastic resolutions which is fashion of the day but should have at its credit practical and solid achievements.

It is worthy of note that for the session of the all India Hindu Maha Sabha recently held at Ajmer under the presidency of Bhai Parmanand, a special deputation was sent by Buddhist nations like China, Japan, Tibet, Ceylon, Burma, etc.

It appears from the newspaper reports that Japan is going to celebrate on a grand scale the 2500th birthday of Lord Buddha. This will be the fittest occasion for bringing together all Asiatic countries for exchange of views and promotion of social intercourse.

I hope this article will attract the attention of my countrymen for the purpose of organising a Social Conference on the lines indicated above.

## DAIRY-FARMING AND CATTLE-BREEDING

### Idar State Announces Concessions To Farmers

(From A Correspondent).

HIMATNAGAR, March 5.

His Highness the Maharaja of Idar has followed up the forward measures inaugurated by him in collaboration with his Dewan, Rai Bahadur J. N. Bhandari, to develop the economic resources of the Idar State by granting far-reaching concessions to encourage dairy farming and cattle breeding on approved lines.

The concessions include, among other things, the remission of import duty payable on timber, girders, corrugated iron-sheets and other accessories of buildings.

The ccess on cows, buffaloes and stud-bulls has likewise been rescinded for a period of five years. The dairy-farmers and cattle-breeders are exempted from the obligation to pay a rent on land required by them for their business and are further allowed to hold arable land free from charges other than land revenue, and to acquire building sites at a nominal rate of nine pies per square foot. No cesses shall be levied for ten years on pucca wells sunk on dairy and cattle farms and on labourers employed thereon.

**BOMBAY MERCHANT'S GIFT OF Rs. 10,000**

### Sjt. Lakdaval's Letter To Rajen Babu

(From Our Correspondent).

PATNA, March 6.

In a letter dated March 2, Sjt. R. N. Lakdaval, Shop No. 6, Bullion Exchange Hall, Bombay 2, writes that he has sent Rs. 10,000 through the Imperial Bank of India, of which Rs. 5,000 are to be used for the construction of wells, and Rs. 5,000 for the construction of residences. The sum has been received to-day.

People have begun contributing their savings for Bihar Relief. The residents of Shahalampore, Dist. Bhagalpore have sent Rs. 60 to the Central Relief Committee.

**ARTICLES FOR 'QUAKE RELIEF'**

The Chief Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway, has issued the following press note:

Concession certificates will be dispensed with in the case of article to be consigned by rail to any of the undermentioned Government officials and organisations, in addition to the officials and organisations already notified through the press:

Dis. Magistrates and sub-divisional officers of Bhagalpur, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Monghyr, and Purnea districts; the Ramkrishna Mission, Motihari; the Memon Relief Society, Head Office, 12, Zakaria Street, Calcutta; Kalyan Barta Sanga, Muzaffarpur; the Servants of India Society, Patna.

**Bombay Seva Sadan Contributes Rs. 350**

The Secretary of the Seva Sadan Society Bombay writes:—

The probationers, resident workers and students of Seva Sadan contributed a sum of Rs. 25, for Bihar Relief Fund. They decided to forego their morning and evening tea, bread and ghee for a month and add a little more to their mite by the savings thus effected. They organised a Variety Entertainment for the members and pupils of the Seva Sadan and realised a sum of about Rs. 250. Thus they were able to contribute in all Rs. 350 to the Bihar Fund.

**For Viceroy's Fund**

The total of the donations received for the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund for being forwarded to the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund including the already acknowledged amount is Rs. 1,84,946-11-3.

**For Prasad Fund**

The total of the donations received for the Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund for being forwarded to the Babu Rajendra Prasad Earthquake Relief Fund including the already acknowledged amount is Rs. 1,62,658-6-9.

**Central Office Collections**

The following are further collections received at the Earthquake Relief Fund Committee, Central Office, Kaibardi Road, for Babu Rajendra Prasad's Fund

Carlton Cinema show sale proceeds (1st. instalment, through Mr. Ramdas Pratap)

Rs. 500 0 0

Book collections Rs. 5 8 0

Total Rs. 505 8 0

The Central Office has also received the following gift articles for distribution in the afflicted areas in Bihar:—

Chamanlal Bhagwanji Clothes.

The Gandhi Seva Sena 7 bundles of clothes and 1 plate.

Jagjivan Parshotam, (through Jayalaxmi Desai) 4 Takas of Khaddar.

## CAEKWAD'S 72nd BIRTHDAY

### Honours Conferred On Distinguished Officials At Special Durbar

BARODA, Mar. 8.

Celebrations in connection with the 72nd birthday anniversary of His Highness the Maharaja of Baroda were held with great eclat.

A special Darbar was held when all high officials and leading non-officials gathered to express felicitation on His Highness's reaching the ripe old of 72.

**BIRTHDAY HONOURS**  
On the occasion of his 72nd birthday anniversary, His Highness has conferred the following honours on some of the distinguished officials of the State:—

Suba of Baroda, Mr. S. B. Mukherjee, Chief Justice Mr. V. R. Durandhar, Pold Medal Rajaratna.

Mr. Prataprao Mehta, an antiquarian of Amreli in Kathiawar, and Col. Hakim M. M. of Military, Silver Medal, Rajaratna.

Sardar R. N. Ambegaokar, Rajaratna.

1. Sathesh Pestonjee Contractor, of Baroda, 2. Mr. Hasmukhlal Zaveri, of Baroda, 3. Sheth Ibrahim Kasam Madha of Varanasi, 4. Mr. G. D. Birla of Calcutta, Datarmandal (Order of Philanthropy).

**"SAYAJIVIJAYA"**

The "Sayajivijaya", a local weekly has published a special birthday supplement of about 100 pages depicting the various phases of the activities of His Highness's crowded life.—United Press.

## PROGRESSIVE INDIAN RULER

### Bombay Celebrates Gaekwar's 72nd Birthday

A public meeting to celebrate the 72nd Birthday of H. H. the Maharaja Sir Sayaji Rao Gaekwar of Baroda was held under the auspices of the People's Progressive Society (Bombay) at Hira Baug on Wednesday evening. Sir Lalubhai Samaldas presided.

Among others, Mr. Giridhar D. Mehta, President of the Society and Mr. P. Baloo, were present. A large number of ladies also attended the meeting.

Mr. Giridhar D. Mehta in proposing Sir Lalubhai Samaldas to the chair said that they gathered there to celebrate the 72nd birthday of H. H. the Maharajah Gaekwar of Baroda, a Ruler held in high esteem, love and reverence in the State.

**A PROGRESSIVE RULER**

Sr Lalubhai Samaldas congratulating His Highness said the State was now occupying a high rank among the Indian States in the matter of Education, Industry, Trade etc. The speaker also characterised His Highness as the pioneer of Reform in Indian States at a time when reforms were unknown.

The Kala Bhavan (Technical Institute) founded by the Maharajah and the compulsory primary education instituted in the State had made the name of His Highness immortal and a household word in the State.

Mr. D. S. Yande in a lengthy speech recounted his experiences as a former publisher and editor of a paper, the Baroda State as early as 1885 when an interesting incident which occurred showed the sterling qualities of the present ruler. The incident related to a letter from the late Maharaja Scindia to H. H. the Gaekwar to take action against the Editor of the Baroda Journal for making some allegations against the former, and which, however, the latter refused to do. His Highness had such a high respect for the freedom of the Press.

**PIONEER OF WOMEN'S EDUCATION**

His Highness was also the pioneer of Women's Education in the State at a time when such reforms were mere taboo. Subjects of Baroda owed a deep debt of gratitude for His Highness's initiative in setting the pace for Education in the State by the State's Primary Education schemes. What was most characteristic of the popular Ruler was that His Highness freely mixed with Agriculturalists and the common people to study their problems at first hand by personal contact. This endeared to the people His Highness, especially as His Highness did show a large-hearted sympathy towards the people by redressing their legitimate grievances.

Messrs. S. M. Modak, R. Thakar P. N. Daruwalla, Mr. P. Baloo and others also spoke on the occasion. The audience were also treated to music by girl students from Sreemati Nathibhai Damodar Thackersay Institute.

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks from the President of the Society.

## TROUBLE IN HINDUSTAN MILL

### Resentment At Owners' Attempt To Engage Blacklegs

Tense atmosphere prevailed on Thursday morning in the Hindustan Mill area at Jacob Circle, because of the attempt of the owners to engage some blacklegs with the assistance of a Head Jobber who had as it were undertaken to re-start the Mills for the owners.

A few of the workers from the Hindustan Mills are reported to have been sent to work in the Hindustan Mill to keep up an appearance of working the mill. The Head Jobber with the assistance of the police managed to take in about 30 men.

The police kept driving the crowds that had collected and effected two arrests from among the strikers.

Later a meeting was held at the usual place and was addressed by Messrs. Ranadive and Mirajkar. The strikers of the Prabhat had gathered at this meeting. Mr. Wahid asked the workers to remain firm in their resolve and not to be led away by this attempt to break the strike. He was sure that not one from among the strikers cared to go in, and a mill cannot be kept working with hired blacklegs for more than a day. It was the duty of the strikers to see that such attempts at breaking the strike did not succeed. Owners were using these tactics with the idea of breaking the morale of the strikers.

**THE WAY TO SUCCESS**

Mr. Randive said that if the workers from the Indian Mills were hired to-day to break the

strike, it was their duty to bring about a strike first in that Mill. He pointed out that the only way to gain success was by bringing about a General Strike immediately. The workers in the Indian Mills also like the rest of the workers were subjected to wage cuts and they should be persuaded to come out and join the strike.

Mr. Mirajkar after relating the solid stand the Sholapur Textile Workers had taken against the owners there, stressed the need for the General Strike immediately. This was no time for holding meetings only, but the strikers must take out processions throughout the mill area and ask the other comrades to join the strike.

The meeting then formed into a procession which went along the Jacob Circle, and was joined by another procession of the strikers from the Phoenix Mills led by Messrs. Abdul Majid, Joglekar, Kanukle and others. The strikers in the Phoenix Mills after their meeting in front of the Mill had decided to join the procession and show the solidarity of the working class.

**550 STRIKERS RESUME WORK**

It is stated that 550 strikers resumed work on Thursday in the Hindustan Mills.

The strike in the other three mills continued on Thursday.

Strikers meetings were held in the morning and processions were taken out.

## CEREBRO-SPINAL MININGITIS

### Precautionary Measures Taken

A statement regarding the outbreak of cerebro-spinal meningitis in the Presidency was made by Khan Bahadur D.B. Cooper, Minister for Local Self-Government, in the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday in reply to a short-notice question.

The Minister said:—

"The first case of this fever was reported from Karachi on 31st October. It broke out in Shikapur Jail on 26th November. There were 22 attacks and 18 deaths. A few cases were also reported from the convict gang, Hyderabad. The prison authorities took all precautions. The officer-in-charge, Chemico-Bacteriological Laboratory, Karachi, was wired to proceed to Shikapur for investigation, but in the meanwhile the outbreak subsided.

**D. O. H. On Spot.**

The first five cases of the disease in the Presidency proper were reported at Ahmedabad in the week ending December 9, 1933. The earliest cases were detected in the Civil Hospital. The Director of Public Health, who was in Ahmedabad at this time, on his way to Sind, visited the Civil Hospital and discussed the measures to be taken with the

Sil Surgeon, Asst. Director of Public Health and the Medical Officer of Health, Ahmedabad Municipality. The Medical Officer of Health gave wide publicity to the measures to be adopted by means of leaflets and disinfected the premises, where cases had occurred. Arrangements were also made to treat patients.

**Lull And Re-Outbreak.**

There was a lull in the outbreak for the next four weeks, and about the middle of February the disease appeared to increase steadily. On February 24, the Director of Public Health visited Ahmedabad City, Civil Hospital and Vadilal Surabhai Municipal Hospital in company of the Assistant Director of Public Health and Medical Officer of Health. There were on that morning 27 cases in the Municipal Hospital and 2 in Civil Hospital. Preventive and precautionary measures were discussed.

**More Accommodation Needed.**

"Arrangements made for the treatment of patients were very good, but it was feared that much more accommodation was required and the Superintendent of the Municipal Hospital was considering the question of closing the Out-Patients' Department and swung it into wards for such patients. The suggestion has been approved by the Director of Public Health.

It was further decided to advise Municipality to take action on lines which are known to check spread of infection. Thus the authorities were requested to close

## POLICE PATIL GIVES EVIDENCE

### Seven Persons Charged With Murder And Dacoity

(From Our Correspondent).

KALYAN, Mar. 7.

The police patil who gave first information to the sub-inspector of Kalyan Taluka police of the triple murder at Sheel village near Mumbra on the night of September 23 last, was examined by the prosecution yesterday, when the case in which seven persons are charged with murder and dacoity came up for hearing before Mr. H. G. Lakhta, first class Magistrate, Kalyan. The hearing was adjourned to March 13.

The victims of this tragedy it may be recalled, were Dhondu Malu a Dhangar by caste, Jani, who had left her husband's protection and was living for some time with Dhondu, and Lakshman, their domestic servant. The dacoits are alleged to have removed Dhondu's silver waist band and a "Vajratik." They are further alleged to have inflicted a fatal wound on the head of Dhondu, two similar wounds on Lakshman, and five confused wounds on Jani. They were all believed to have been inflicted by different types of hatchets by the dacoits.

**RECEPTION TO PROF. MANIKRAO OF BARODA.**

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Mar. 6.

At a meeting of the Thana Municipality held last evening, the general board on the motion of Dr. T. Wells resolved to accord to Rajratna Prof. Manikrao of Baroda a suitable reception and to present an address on the occasion of his visit to Thana on 14th instant in appreciation of the services rendered by him in the field of physical culture in general and indigenous games, sports and art of self-defence in particular.

The consideration of sanctioning Rs. 50 to meet the expenses for and incidental to the address was adjourned and a committee of three members was appointed to draft the address on the motion of Mr. R. G. Pradhan to sink a bore in the Civil Hospital at municipal costs. The consideration of erecting a water tank in the hospital was, however, deferred.

schools at once, and then cinemas and other places of entertainment. "They were also requested to make the disease notifiable and induce people to remove patients to hospitals as soon as possible. Segregation of contacts was found to be a difficult problem owing to the large number, but it is proposed to have the contacts examined bacteriologically and treat those who prove to be carriers.

**Asst. D. O. H. Called.**

The Minister concluded: "The Asst. Director of Public Health, Northern Registration District, has been instructed to return to Ahmedabad from West Khandesh where he has been touring and render all possible help to authorities and the attention of the mal fever Rules of 1921 for adoption wherever possible."

Speaking about labour unrest in Sholapur, the speaker pointed out that the workers went on strike when their wages had been cut to the extent of 12 1/2 per cent, although the textile industry

# Long Liquidation In New York Cotton

## WEAKNESS OF WALL-STREET Operators Await Washington News

### MIXED FEELING RESTRICTS BUSINESS

Bombay, Mar. 7. The future course of cotton prices entirely depends upon the result of the Bankhead Bill which is to be considered to-day by the House of Representatives of U. S. A. Private cables expect that the Bill will be passed and will be signed by the President. However there exists a section who believe that the bill effect the Bill is mostly discounted. This means that if prices advance, there will be increased long liquidation.

PROSPECTIVE FACTORS. The other important factors which are likely to influence the course of prices are the official attitude regarding disposal of Optional Cotton and prospects of Smith Bill.

Professional operators are keenly watching developments at Washington as it is feared that the administration would adopt financial measures to raise commodity prices.

#### NEW YORK MARKET.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market advanced during the early part on higher Liverpool advances but later declined on weakness of Wall-Street and long at a rise of 2 points and opened at a rise of 2 points and soon reached the highest level of the day when May delivery was quoted 10 points up to 12.22. At this level there was steady selling which resulted in decline of 17 points from the highest level. The market closed steady with some trade buying at a net decline of 3 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points to 12.30c.

#### NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at decline of 5 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices lost 6 points to 12.07c. The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points on Wednesday, but under local hedge-selling prices declined further by 2 points. The offerings were absorbed by scattered buying. The market lacked any constructive news and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Later on there was little trade calling, otherwise the session was featureless. The market closed at a net decline of 2 to 1 point. Middling American Spot Cotton prices closed at rise of one point at 6.61d. per lb.

#### INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian Cotton futures closed at a decline of 2 points on March 5-05, May 4-97 and July 4-7.

#### EGYPTIAN COTTON.

The Egyptian Cotton futures ring was quiet and irregular. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Sakels futures closed at a loss of 2 points, but Uppers were fairly steady and closed 2 points higher.

#### IRREGULAR MARKETS.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern State: Lack of any stimulating news caused irregular markets. Traders seem to believe that the amended Bankhead Bill even if passed by the legislature will prove partially ineffective since it allows farmers to hold unginned cotton over the quota of 10 million bales with variation of tax above the excess ginnings apart from the fact that prices have already advanced over 14 cents per lb. since the introduction of the Bill.

The origin Bill sought to restrict production to 9 million bales and any excess was to be destroyed, but the amended Bill appears to provide many loopholes for the avoidance of strict supervision.

Traders on the Stock Exchange do not appear to be very optimistic as to the Government's proposal for increased wages and shorter working hours which they believe will reduce dividends in industrial concerns, and may also restrict business in consequence of the contemplated Government control.

Though small advances are possible on bullish Washington news in respect to monetary problems, or the passage of the Bankhead Bill, we prefer to wait developments and would only buy on good setbacks.

#### PRIVATE CABLES.

New York May highest 12.22+10 (10.18 a.m.) lowest 12.05-07 (2.49 p.m.)

Liverpool May highest 6.28-02 (11.45 a.m.) lowest 6.25-04 (10.95 a.m.)

Messrs. Drennan & Co. have received the following cable from

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach & Co., New York:—  
Cotton—Chances greatly favour passage Bankhead Bill, and signature by President, if so, believe 200 points raise possible before new crop movement, also understand that Government is contemplating one year postponement sales of option cotton.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head office:—  
Think passage of Bankhead Bill discounted but may cause quick upturn.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cable from New York:—  
New York—Market affected unfavourably by decline in Securities, liquidation New Crop months.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—  
Market eased in sympathy with Stock Cereals.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—  
New York—Wall Street selling reflecting weakness stocks. Trade bought on scale.

#### NEW YORK COTTON.

| New York, March 7.    |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| May 1934 .. .. .      | 12.09-03 |
| July 1934 .. .. .     | 12.20-05 |
| October 1934 .. .. .  | 12.28-07 |
| December 1934 .. .. . | 12.36-09 |
| January 1935 .. .. .  | 12.40-10 |
| Middling Spot .. .. . | 12.30-05 |

#### NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

| New York, March 7. |          |
|--------------------|----------|
| May 1934 .. .. .   | 11.95-05 |
| July 1934 .. .. .  | 12.07-06 |
| Spot .. .. .       | 12.07-06 |

| New York, March 7.         |       |
|----------------------------|-------|
| May 1934 .. .. .           | 12.17 |
| July 1934 .. .. .          | 12.28 |
| October 1934 .. .. .       | 12.40 |
| New York Noon Call .. .. . | 12.15 |
| May 1934 .. .. .           | 12.27 |
| July 1934 .. .. .          | 12.27 |
| October 1934 .. .. .       | 12.35 |

#### NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

| New York, March 7.                        |        |
|-------------------------------------------|--------|
| Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports .. .. . | 8,000  |
| Days' Exports to Great Britain .. .. .    | Nil    |
| Days' Exports to the Continent .. .. .    | 11,000 |

#### LIVERPOOL COTTON.

| Liverpool, March 7.                    |              |
|----------------------------------------|--------------|
| 10-10 a.m. To-day's Quotations. Price. |              |
| March 1934 .. .. .                     | 6.31 6.30-03 |
| April 1934 .. .. .                     | 6.29-02      |
| May 1934 .. .. .                       | 6.26 6.28-02 |
| June 1934 .. .. .                      | 6.25-02      |
| July 1934 .. .. .                      | 6.24-02      |
| September 1934 .. .. .                 | 6.23-02      |
| October 1934 .. .. .                   | 6.22-02      |
| November 1934 .. .. .                  | 6.22-02      |
| December 1934 .. .. .                  | 6.24-01      |
| January 1935 .. .. .                   | 6.24-01      |
| February 1935 .. .. .                  | 6.24-01      |
| March 1935 .. .. .                     | 6.25-01      |
| Middling Spot .. .. .                  | 6.61-01      |

#### SEEDS.

| Liverpool, March 7.                                                    |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.                   |  |
| Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, March/April sellers 49-10-4. |  |
| Rapeseed Toria, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, March/April sellers 49-2-6.     |  |

#### LINSEED.

| Liverpool, March 7.                                                 |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Linseed Calcutta, (London) per ton, March/April sellers 41-5-0.     |  |
| Linseed La Plata, c.i.f. Hull, per ton, March/April sellers 49-7-6. |  |
| Linseed Bombay, (London) Hull per ton, March/April sellers 41-8-4.  |  |

#### LINSEED OILS.

| Liverpool, March 7.                                            |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Linseed Oil naked London, per cwt., March sellers 18/9.        |  |
| Linseed Oil naked London, per cwt., May/Aug. sellers 19/3-3/4. |  |

#### LONDON RUBBER.

| Liverpool, March 7.                        |  |
|--------------------------------------------|--|
| Smoked sheet standard ribbed lb., 5/3-1/6. |  |

#### NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

| Liverpool, March 7.                           |  |
|-----------------------------------------------|--|
| Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 10-7/16. |  |

#### INDIAN COTTON PARITY

##### Straddle Differences

| New York-Liverpool: Liverpool New York May 112 at Cross Rate 5.08 1/8                    |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Bombay-Liverpool: Branch A/May 200; Liverpool May 6.24 Rs. 71 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.       |  |
| Bombay-New York: Branch A/May 200; New York May 12.09 Rs. 64 1/2 at Cross Rate 5.08 1/8. |  |

#### ALEXANDRIA COTTON

| Alexandria, March 7 |          |
|---------------------|----------|
| SAKELS—             |          |
| March .. .. .       | 15.84-02 |
| May .. .. .         | 16.09-03 |
| July .. .. .        | 16.24-06 |
| November .. .. .    | 16.23-03 |
| January .. .. .     | 16.24-01 |
| ASHMOUNT—           |          |
| April .. .. .       | 12.35-06 |
| October .. .. .     | 12.51-08 |
| November .. .. .    | 12.57-09 |

#### HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

| Bombay, March 7                                                            |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Branch A/May opening 199 3/4; highest 201; lowest 198 3/4; close 200 3/4   |  |
| Branch J/Aug opening 207 1/4; highest 207 3/4; lowest 207; close 207 3/4   |  |
| Omra March opening 174 1/2; highest 174 3/4; lowest 174 1/2; close 174 1/2 |  |
| Omra May opening 176 3/4; highest 177; lowest 176 1/2; close 176 1/2       |  |
| Bengal March opening 133; highest 134 3/4; lowest 133; close 134 3/4       |  |
| Bengal May opening 137 1/2; highest 138 1/2; lowest 137 1/2; close 138 1/4 |  |
| Bengal May opening 137 1/2; highest 142 1/2; lowest 141 1/2; close 142 1/4 |  |
| Teji-mandi for Branch J/Aug Rs. 21 1/2                                     |  |

#### JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

| Liverpool, March 7.                                     |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25.—          |  |
| C & F Calcutta, March/April per cwt., nominal 6/10-1/2. |  |
| C & F Bombay, March/April per cwt., nominal 6/7-1/2.    |  |
| C & F Karachi, March/April per cwt., nominal 6/7-1/2.   |  |

#### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

| Liverpool, March 7.                                |         |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------|
| Chartered Bank of I. A. and .. .. .                | 16      |
| China .. .. .                                      | 16      |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) .. .. .   | 140     |
| P. & O. Banking Corporation .. .. .                | 105-8   |
| National Bank of India .. .. .                     | 49-1/4  |
| Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90 .. .. .          | 113-1/2 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961 .. .. .       | 102-3/4 |
| Rupia Paper 3-1/2 per cent. 1948 or later .. .. .  | 79-1/2  |
| Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later .. .. . | 91-1/2  |
| Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55 .. .. .       | 112     |
| Consols 2-1/2 per cent. .. .. .                    | 80-3/4  |
| War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952 .. .. .              | 103-5/8 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent. .. .. .                  | 110-7/8 |

#### LONDON METALS.

| Liverpool, March 7.                          |         |
|----------------------------------------------|---------|
| Copper Braziers .. .. .                      | 44      |
| Yellow Metal .. .. .                         | 36-3/4  |
| Spelter Hard Indian Brands .. .. .           | 14-5/8  |
| Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge .. .. .           | 16      |
| Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F.O.B. .. .. . | 230-1/4 |

#### EGYPTIAN COTTON.

| Liverpool, March 7.   |      |
|-----------------------|------|
| SAKELLARIDIS .. .. .  | 8.77 |
| March 1934 .. .. .    | 8.72 |
| May 1934 .. .. .      | 8.71 |
| July 1934 .. .. .     | 8.48 |
| October 1934 .. .. .  | 8.48 |
| November 1934 .. .. . | 8.45 |
| December 1934 .. .. . | 8.45 |
| F. G. F. Spot .. .. . | 8.97 |

#### INDIAN COTTON.

| Liverpool, March 7.              |      |
|----------------------------------|------|
| BROACH:—                         |      |
| Fully Good (Good Staple) .. .. . | 4.85 |
| Fine (Good Staple) .. .. .       | 5.00 |
| Superfine (Good Staple) .. .. .  | 5.15 |
| OOMRA:—                          |      |
| Good (No. 1 Staple) .. .. .      | 5.03 |
| Fine (No. 1 Staple) .. .. .      | 5.18 |
| Choice (No. 1 Staple) .. .. .    | 5.33 |
| BENGAL:—                         |      |
| Good .. .. .                     | 3.76 |
| Fine .. .. .                     | 3.86 |
| Superfine .. .. .                | 3.96 |
| SCINDE:—                         |      |
| Good .. .. .                     | 3.86 |
| Fine .. .. .                     | 3.96 |
| Superfine .. .. .                | 4.06 |

#### LONDON SILVER.

| Liverpool, March 7.           |         |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Silver.—Insufficient Support. |         |
| Spot .. .. .                  | 20-3/8  |
| Forward .. .. .               | 20-7/16 |

#### LONDON GOLD.

| Liverpool, March 7.              |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Gold Bars Fine per oz. 46-10-10. |  |

#### LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

| Liverpool, March 7.                                                  |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-15/16 per cent. to 1 per cent.     |  |
| Bank Bills 6 months market rate 1 per cent. to 1-1/16 per cent.      |  |
| Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.                    |  |
| Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent. |  |
| Interest Days' market Loan 0-3/4 per cent.                           |  |

#### MONEY MARKET

##### Exchange Quotations

| Bombay, March 8                                                                |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| B C Rate T T D D 1/6                                                           |  |
| LONDON—                                                                        |  |
| Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/16                                                 |  |
| Near .. .. .                                                                   |  |
| Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 March/15 May                                        |  |
| Banks selling T T 1/6 May/June                                                 |  |
| Banks buying T T 1/6 3/32                                                      |  |
| Banks buying D D 1/6 1/8                                                       |  |
| Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 March                                              |  |
| Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 April                                              |  |
| NEW YORK—                                                                      |  |
| B C Rate T T 264                                                               |  |
| Banks selling T T 262                                                          |  |
| Banks buying T T 260 3/4                                                       |  |
| PARIS—                                                                         |  |
| Banks selling D D 578                                                          |  |
| Banks buying D D 588                                                           |  |
| AMSTERDAM—                                                                     |  |
| Banks selling D D 56 3/8                                                       |  |
| JAPAN—                                                                         |  |
| Banks selling T T 79                                                           |  |
| Banks buying 60 Days 77 3/4                                                    |  |
| BONGKONG—                                                                      |  |
| Banks selling D D 102 1/2                                                      |  |
| SHANGHAI—                                                                      |  |
| Banks selling D D 91 1/2                                                       |  |
| SINGAPORE—                                                                     |  |
| Banks selling D D 156 3/4                                                      |  |
| JAVA—                                                                          |  |
| Banks selling D D 56 1/4                                                       |  |
| BERLIN—                                                                        |  |
| B C Rate T T D D 95 1/4                                                        |  |
| CROSS RATE—                                                                    |  |
| New York/London 5.08 7th instant                                               |  |
| Shanghai/London 1/4 3/8 8th instant                                            |  |
| Japan/London 1/2 7/32 8th instant                                              |  |
| London/Paris 77.18 7th instant                                                 |  |
| London/Belgium 21.81 7th instant                                               |  |
| London/Switzerland 15.72 7th instant                                           |  |
| London/Italy 59.18 7th instant                                                 |  |
| London/Berlin 12.81 7th instant                                                |  |
| London/Stockholm 19.39 7th instant                                             |  |
| London/New York 5.07 3/4 7th instant                                           |  |
| Amsterdam/London 7.55 1/2 7th instant                                          |  |
| London/London 7.54 7th instant                                                 |  |
| Tone of Sterling Exchange—                                                     |  |
| Very Steady.                                                                   |  |
| Gold 46-17-2 6th instant 46-16-10 7th instant                                  |  |
| Silver London Ready 20 9/16 6th instant 20 3/8 7th instant                     |  |
| Silver London Forward 20 5/8 6th instant 20 7/16 7th instant                   |  |
| Silver New York Ready 46.40 6th instant 46 3/16 7th instant                    |  |
| London discounts 3 mos 1 per cent 6th instant 1 per cent 7th instant           |  |
| London discounts 6 mos 1 1/16 per cent 6th instant 1 1/16 per cent 7th instant |  |
| Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 p.p.                                                  |  |
| Bank of England Rate 2 p.p.                                                    |  |
| Money—Call 2 p.p.                                                              |  |
| 3 Mos 2 p.p.                                                                   |  |
| 6 Mos 2 p.p.                                                                   |  |
| Tone: Steady.                                                                  |  |

#### READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

| Bombay, March 8.            |        |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| New Old                     |        |
| Bengal Superfine .. .. .    | 148    |
| Bengal Fine .. .. .         | 143    |
| Sindh-Punjab Fine .. .. .   | 138    |
| Sindh-Punjab F.G. .. .. .   | 138    |
| Wardha-High Fine .. .. .    | 191    |
| Nagpur Savner Fine .. .. .  | 191    |
| Punjab Fine .. .. .         | 182    |
| Yestmal Fine .. .. .        | 181    |
| Arvi Fine .. .. .           | 181    |
| Ellichpur Fine .. .. .      | 179    |
| Amraoti-Berar Fine .. .. .  | 179    |
| Khamgaon Fine .. .. .       | 173    |
| Malkapur Fine .. .. .       | 169    |
| Khandesh Fine .. .. .       | 169    |
| Jalna/Sailu Fine .. .. .    | 179    |
| Burwah Sanavur Fine .. .. . | 210/12 |
| Branch .. .. .              | 217    |
| Punjab/American .. .. .     | 207    |
| Punjab/American mix .. .. . | 207    |
| Cambodia .. .. .            | 185    |
| Miraj/Sangli .. .. .        | 185    |
| Compta Good .. .. .         | 318    |
| Manza .. .. .               | 318    |

#### OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

| Bombay, March 8.             |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Spr-fine Sup. Fine E.G. Good |                 |
| Extra .. .. .                |                 |
| M.G. Bengal:—                |                 |
| U.P. .. .. .                 | 147 144 141 137 |
| Punjab .. .. .               | 147 144 141 137 |
| Rajputana .. .. .            | 147 144 141 137 |
| Omra No. .. .. .             | 182 179 177 174 |
| C.P. No. 1 .. .. .           | 195 192 190 187 |
| C.P. No. .. .. .             | 188 185 183 180 |

#### READY COTTON SALES.

| Bombay, March 8.                         |                  |
|------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 105 Prelad Mill Sulpur 162               |                  |
| 115 Prelad Mill Porbandar 175            |                  |
| 25 Prelad Mill Egypton 217               |                  |
| 100 Dawn Mill Hansi 11 on                |                  |
| 250 Dawn Mill Nasirabad 146 1/2          |                  |
| 250 Dawn Mill Keki 146 1/2               |                  |
| 100 Narshi Nagshi Telhara 174            |                  |
| 100 Birla Bros Telhara 175 1/4           |                  |
| 300 G G Kesha and Co., C P No. 26 4 7 on |                  |
| 100 Madhavji Mill Versal 5 on            |                  |
| 100 B. Mayji Itola 5 on                  |                  |
| 123 B. Mayji Pandura 20 on               |                  |
| 100 G G Kesha Shadgar 175 1/2            |                  |
| 200 G G Kesha Badapur 6 on               |                  |
| 200 G G Kesha Dabhol 6 on                |                  |
| Total .. .. .                            | 20,153 1,288,703 |

#### DAILY COTTON STATISTICS.

| Bombay, March 8.             |         |
|------------------------------|---------|
| RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.        |         |
| In full-pressed Bales.       |         |
| Yesterday .. .. .            | 1,624   |
| This year .. .. .            | 1,624   |
| Central India .. .. .        | 1,624   |
| Barshi and Nagar .. .. .     | 2,505   |
| Hyderabad-Gaorani .. .. .    | 497     |
| Benar .. .. .                | 5,862   |
| Central Provinces .. .. .    | 1,326   |
| Total Omra .. .. .           | 11,463  |
| Dholera .. .. .              | 1,717   |
| N.W. Provinces .. .. .       | 6,890   |
| Rajputana .. .. .            | 171     |
| Sindh-Punjab .. .. .         | 1,772   |
| Branch .. .. .               | 149,145 |
| Coompta & Dharwar .. .. .    | 205     |
| Western-Northern .. .. .     | 4,452   |
| Tinnevely & Cambodia .. .. . | 5,979   |
| Persian .. .. .              | 992     |
| American .. .. .             | 20,457  |
| Egyptian & African .. .. .   | 262     |

JUPITER  
GENERAL

has a net work of agencies throughout the country.

J7

## The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1934

JUPITER  
GENERAL

has claim settling agents throughout the world.

J8

LATE MR. JUSTICE MIRZA  
Popular High Court Judge Dies  
Suddenly Of Heart Failure

We greatly regret to announce the death of Hon. Mr. Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan, which took place at his residence at Malabar Hill, in the early hours of Thursday morning.

Mr. Mirza was apparently hale and hearty till late in the evening on Wednesday and retired to bed as usual. On Thursday morning at about 1 a.m. he complained of pain in the chest and expired in a few minutes of heart-failure.

## Elevated To Bench.

He was appointed an Additional Judge of the Bombay High Court on 25th November, 1924, and a Puisne Judge on 18th February, 1926, which position he enjoyed till his death.

Before he was elevated to the Bench, there was no Persian Consulate in Bombay and, therefore, he was acting as Persian Consul-General on behalf of the Government of Persia.

Mr. M. A. Khan was the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay.

## HIGH COURT CLOSED

Feeling reference was made to the late Mr. Justice Mirza by members of the Bombay High Court Bench and Bar, who assembled in the Sessions Court to express their sorrow.

The whole gathering remained standing during the proceedings.

The Chief Justice paying a tribute to the character and abilities of Mr. Justice Mirza said that he was elevated to the Bench in 1926, and had given complete satisfaction to all concerned by his judicial work. He had a brilliant career at the Bar. He was the Senior among the Puisne Judges of the High Court. He was always kind and courteous and always helpful to all and he made no enemies.

The Chief Justice announced that, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the High Court with all its offices would remain closed on that day.

Sir Jamshed Kanga, the Advocate-General, speaking for the Original Side Bar, associated himself with everything that had fallen from the Chief Justice. He recalled that when he was a Professor of Oriental Languages at the Elphinstone College, Mr. Mirza was a student, and those who knew him thought that he would shine in whatever sphere of life he chose to adopt as his career.

The Advocate-General said that the solicitors and the Incorporated Law Society had also asked him to associate them with the reference.

Mr. Shingne, Government Pleader, joined in the reference on behalf of the Appellate Side Bar. The High Court was then closed for the day.

SYMPATHY IN  
POLICE COURTS

All the Presidency Magistrates of the City assembled at the Esplanade Police Court on Thursday when Sir Hormuzdiar P. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, expressed, on behalf of the Bench their deep sense of loss and heartfelt sympathy at the sudden and sad demise of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan.

Sir Hormuzdiar, addressing the members of the Police Court Bar, said that the news of the sudden death of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan came to them as a rude shock. His death was a decided loss both to the Bench and the Bar, and those who had the privilege to know him had lost a good friend.

As a Judge, Mr. Justice Mirza was able, upright and skillful and



Mr. Justice Mirza.

discharged his duties to the satisfaction of all.

The late Mr. Justice Mirza was a great scholar and had contributed in a great measure to the betterment and advancement of Oriental studies.

Sir Hormuzdiar, on behalf of his brother-Magistrates and himself, expressed their sincere grief and sympathy with the members of the bereaved family.

Mr. N. Saher and Mr. P. N. Godinho, on behalf of the Bar, associated themselves with the expressions of grief and sympathy from the Bench, and requested Sir Hormuzdiar to convey their sense of deep loss at the sad demise of so able a Judge, and their sincere sympathies to the bereaved family.

MAYOR'S SORROW  
FOR SUDDEN DEATH  
Municipal Corporation  
Adjourns

The Bombay Municipal Corporation adjourned on Thursday without transacting any business as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Justice Mirza.

The Mayor referring to the deceased said that he saw him the previous night quite hale and hearty, and it was very painful for him to hear his sudden death that morning.

Mr. Dostmahomed G. Khairaz then moved adjournment of the House which was seconded by Mr. M. E. Serang and carried unanimously.

The Corporation then adjourned till 10-day (Friday), at 3 p.m.

JAMIAT SINGH  
LEAVES FOR BOMBAY  
Monghyr Citizens Pay  
Glaring Tributes To  
Volunteers

MONGHYR, March 8. (From A Correspondent). Sirdar Jamiat Singh with Bombay volunteers left to-day for Muzaffarpur en route to Bombay.

The citizens held a special dinner in their honour last night. Moulana Abdussamad presided. The president said every straw of every Monghyr hut echoed with his name.

Babu Sri Krishen Sinha, Monghyr representative of the Bihar Central Relief sent a touching letter in which he wished that Bombay volunteers could have stayed more. Swami Chandreswaran of the Vivekanand Mission wrote that in his long career he never met a worker of Jamiat Singh's type.

The Central Relief Committee by a special resolution sends its cordial thanks to Bombay citizens for sending to Monghyr such disciplined volunteers in her hour of need. General regret is felt at the departure of the volunteers.

Mr. Gordhandas Sharma, a Bombay volunteer, being sick could not proceed to Bombay. Mohamed Sadiq left behind to attend him.

JAIN MUNI  
BREAKS FAST

Udaipur Maharana Agrees To Settle Temple Dispute

AHMEDABAD, Mar. 8. His Highness the Maharara of Udaipur has, it is understood, assured Muni Shree Shanti Vajayji who was fasting unto death for about two weeks past in connection with a dispute of Kesariji Temple with the Udaipur Durbar, that he would discuss the question with representatives of the Jain community, namely Messrs. Anandji Kalyanji and some others from Bombay and Calcutta.

Shanti Vajayji has therefore given up his fast at least for the present.

It is stated that representatives from Ahmedabad, Bombay and Calcutta are seeing His Highness at an early date to bring about a settlement satisfactory to both the parties—United Press.

MENINGITIS IN  
AHMEDABAD  
Official Measures To  
Check Outbreak

AHMEDABAD, Mar. 8. In order to check the outbreak of meningitis in the City, the Government of Bombay have authorised the Ahmedabad Municipality under Section 180 Clause 3 of the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act:—

(1) to vacate with the permission of the second class Magistrate, houses in which meningitis cases occur, after making suitable housing arrangements for those dispossessed in this manner;

(2) to prevent the gathering of more than 50 persons at any place, if the Civil Surgeon or any other medical officer expresses the opinion that such gathering will promote the spread of meningitis and

(3) to have any person in the City medically examined or kept under medical observation for a maximum period of ten days persons coming from outside or staying in the vicinity of infected houses. A penalty up to Rs. 1,000 is fixed for the breach of order of the municipality in this connection.

## CLOSURE OF CINEMAS.

A deputation of the proprietors of local cinemas waited on the Collector and requested him not to direct the cinemas to be closed. The Collector directed them to the President of the Municipality, who told them that the cinemas would have to be closed if that became necessary according to medical opinion.—A. P.

SEVEN YOUTHS  
ARRESTED

Sequel To Munshiganj House Searches

MUNSHIGANJ, Mar. 8. Following simultaneous searches of about 50 houses early this morning at Paikpara, Abdullapur and the adjoining villages, Kalipada Nag and 6 other young men were taken into custody in connection with terrorist activities in the district.—United Press.

CONSTABLE'S HEAD  
SEVERED FROM BODY

NAGPUR, March 8. A constable with his head severed from his body and his hands and feet tied with his own turban, was discovered lying in a pool of blood on a railway bridge this morning near Nagpur station.

It appears that he has had some domestic trouble and was on duty till 8 p.m. last evening.—A. P.

## Schools For Harijans

BHAGALPUR, March 8. Two primary schools for Harijans have been opened in Bhagalpur town. The institutions owe their origin to the efforts of Dr. N. N. Bansikar.—A. P.

800 CUT  
MOTIONS!

Bengal Council Record On Demands For Grants

## "REFUSE MINISTERS' SALARIES"

CALCUTTA, Mar. 8. The hardy annual of attempts at refusing the Ministers' salaries will be staged this year too when demands for budget grants come up for consideration from March 12 next.

The "United Press" understands that as many as 8 motions for reduction of the Ministers' salaries have been tabled by non-official Members.

The motion for refusal of the entire demand under the head "Ministers' Salaries" however stands to the credit of Mr. N. K. Basu, the Leader of the Opposition.

Altogether about 800 cut motions relating to the demands for grants have been tabled so far but as only 12 days have been allotted for consideration of these demands, it is thought that a large number of them will not be taken up.—(United Press).

C. P. COUNCIL  
SENSATION  
No-Confidence Motions  
Against Ministers

NAGPUR, March 8. Separate motions of "No Confidence" against the Honourable Mr. Sharad, the Education Minister and the Hon. Mr. Choubal, the Minister in Charge of Agriculture, have been given notice by Mr. Fande (Hindusthani Party), Mr. Khaparde, the leader of the Nationalists, Rai Bahadur Naidu, the leader of the Democrats.

The Hon. the President has declared all the motions as in order and have fixed to-morrow for debate thereon. Immediately after official legislative business of the day has been gone through.—United Press.

BELDANGA RIOT  
CASE JUDGMENT

One Accused Gets 3 Years Jail & Two Acquitted

BERHAMPORE, Mar. 8. The Sessions Judge of Murshidabad sentenced one of the three Muslim accused in the Beldanga Riot Case to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment and acquitted the others.

The case arose in connection with the communal riots that occurred at Beldanga on the occasion of the last car festival. The accused were charged with assaulting a Circle Inspector of Police and the Chowkidars who were with him when dispersing a mob near the dak bungalow.—A. P.

GLORIES OF  
KATHIAWAR

Mr. Pratapray On Clay Seal Of Second Century B. C.

BARODA, Mar. 8. Mr. K. P. Jayaswal of Patna has deciphered a clay seal presented to him by Mr. Pratapray G. Mehta as being of the 2nd century B.C.

Interviewed by the United Press correspondent, Mr. Pratapray Mehta said that the details of the story depicted on the seal have now to be deciphered. There are indications that when these are available new light will be thrown on the past glorious history of Kathiawar.

It will be recalled that Mr. Mehta enjoys the reputation of being one of the leading antiquarians in this part of India.—United Press.

23,000 MATRIC  
CANDIDATES

Over 1,000 Women Appear For Calcutta Examination

CALCUTTA, Mar. 7. 35,000 candidates, reported to be a record number, are appearing in different examinations of the Calcutta University this year.

Over 23,000 students are appearing for the Matriculation examination alone, among these are over 1,000 women many of whom are married.

The number of women that appeared in the various school leaving and degree examinations last year was about 1,000 but the number has more than doubled itself this year. The University in consequence is faced with the grave problem of finding accommodation for these increasing numbers.—A. P.

PROF. GETS  
SIX MONTHS' R. I.  
AND FINED Rs. 50  
Violation Of Restraint  
Order

MUNSHIGANJ, March 8. Professor Bimalmohan Ganguly was sentenced to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50, (in default, one month more of rigorous imprisonment) for violating the restraint order served upon him under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, directing him not to enter the Munshiganj Sub-Division for a period of 3 months.—United Press.

QUIT WITHIN  
48 HOURS

Order Served On Four Men At Mamapur

MAMAPUR, (Mymensingh), March 8. Bisweswar Ganguly, Jnan Chandra, Sudhir De and Hemendra Prasad Das have been served with notices under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act, directing them to remove themselves from the district within 48 hours and not to return to the district for a period of three months.

It will be remembered that these four young men were arrested on charge of conspiracy to collect arms and ammunition in connection with the movement for furtherance of terrorist movement but were recently discharged for want of evidence.—United Press.

AGA KHAN REFUSES  
CIVIC HONOUR

CALCUTTA, March 7. The Mayor read a letter from H. H. The Rt. Hon'ble Aga Khan regretting his inability to attend a civic reception which the Corporation had decided to accord him.—A. P.

## Explosions In S. M. Court

(From A Correspondent). TRICHINOPOLY, March 8. As a result of a serious explosion that occurred at midday in the Sub-Magistrate's Court, Trichinopoly, two persons were seriously injured and a few sustained minor injuries. A portion of the building crashed, doors were battered and window glasses splintered.

The cause for the explosion is said to be the explosives that were stored in the property room catching fire.

SIR T. SAPRU  
IMPROVING

ALLAHABAD, March 7. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru has not been keeping good health for the last two weeks. He was taken ill when travelling to Agra. Since his return he has been improving and he attended the Court for a short time yesterday. It may take a few more days for him to recover completely.

REPRESENTATION ON BIHAR  
CENTRAL RELIEF COMMITTEE

Appeal To Donors Of Rs. 5,000 And Above To Send Names Of Their Nominees

(From Bihar Central Relief Committee.)

PATNA, Mar. 6. The Public are well aware of the fact that in order to develop into a strong and efficient organisation representative of the people of India in so far as the relief work in the affected areas is concerned this committee had decided in a resolution on Feb. 3 to co-opt some leading individuals from other provinces who have taken or are taking a special part in the organisation of relief, as also to request all organisations and groups that have contributed Rs. 5,000 or over to the funds of this committee for relief, to nominate a representative of theirs to serve on this committee.

In accordance with that resolution we had sent a circular letter to all such organisations and groups to nominate their representatives. In response to that we have received several names but we regret to say that many organisations have not as yet sent us the names of their representatives. As it has already grown late we have to appeal through the Press, so that it may reach all organisations and they may send the names of their representatives soon. The names, that have come are given below.

## ON CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The following is the list of representatives of persons and associations paying Rs. 5,000 and above on the Central Relief Committee:—

1. Prof. J. C. Kumarappa, to represent Amin & Desai, Solicitors, 77, Meadows Street, Bombay.

2. Mr. Jannadas Amarchand Gandhi to represent Silk Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi Post No. 2, Bombay.

3. Babu Shri Prakash to represent "Al" of Benares.

4. Prof. J. C. Kumarappa to represent the Indo-Foreign Cotton Association, Bombay.

5. Mr. Amratlal Amarchand to represent the Bombay Rice Merchants' Association, Add: Amratlal & Co., Messrs. Amarchand Madhvalji & Co., 36, Kazi Syed Street, Bombay.

6. Kumar Krishna Kumar to represent Sahayak Samiti, Calcutta, 141, Sambhu Chatterji Street.

7. Mr. K. F. Nariman to represent Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund, Bombay.

8. Seth Raulal Mulji Gandhi to represent the Seeds Traders' Association, Add: c/o Messrs. R. Ratilal & Co., New Ghorbunder, Bombay.

9. The Indian Merchants' Chamber write that a member of the Chamber has contributed and not the Chamber itself therefore they do not send any representative.

10. Seth Jagjivan Ujjain Singh Mulji to represent the Sugar Merchants' Association, Add: 32, Appolo Street, Bombay.

11. Seth Chhotabhai Lallubhai to represent Bombay Iron Merchants' Add: c/o Messrs. Pestonji Chotalal & Co., Carnac Bunder, Iron Merchants, Bombay.

12. Mrs. Nerisben Captain to represent Gandhi Seva Sena, Her add: The Indian Women's Unity Club, The Motor House, Hughes Road, Bombay.

13. Sjt. Manilal Ballabhai Kothari of Jarwar Nagar, Kathiawar to represent the Citizens of Jeipur Kathiawar.

14. Swami Anand to represent Bihar Orissa Relief Fund, Ahmedabad.

15. The Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association does not see the advisability of sending representative from such a long distance.

16. Mr. Shiva Pratap Joshi to represent the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce Ltd., Bombay 348/3, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

17. Seth Velji Lakhamji Napol President of the Grain Merchants' Association, 262, Masjid Bunder Road, Mandvi, Post No. 3 to represent the Association.

18. Mr. Begraj Gupta the President of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association, 16 Shalkh Memon Street, Bombay 2, to represent the Association though he will not be able to attend personally.

EUROPEAN SYM-  
PATHY FOR BIHAR

Subhas Bose's Letter To Rajen Babu

PATNA, Mar. 5. Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose has addressed the following letter to Babu Rajendra Prasad from Geneva:—

"You can easily imagine the feelings of Indians living in Europe, ever since they read about the terrible earthquake in India. The other night we went to a local cinema and saw a film of the earthquake. The scenes exhibited from Monghyr and Muzaffarpur were too terrible and too tragic to be described."

"We in Geneva are trying our best to raise funds. The International Committee on India, of which Madame Homp of Denmark is the Secretary are doing their best in this direction. It is of course difficult to raise funds on the continent, because each country has its own tragedies and we do not possess any official backing. Nevertheless, we shall do all in our power to collect all that we can. It may be some so far for the sufferers to know that there are people abroad who have no ties of self-interest with India—who are nevertheless contributing their mite for their relief. The money raised will of course be sent to you."

"I hope your health is not too bad now after your recent experiences. I cannot, of course expect you to be quite well so soon. My health is somewhat better than before but still far from satisfactory."—United Press.

MOVEMENTS OF  
EARTH'S SURFACE

Importance Of Geophysical Study

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, March 7. Professor Mathur, Dr. D. D. Bosey and Dr. Rajnath of the Geological Department of the Benares Hindu University, who recently went round the earthquake stricken area to study the effects of the quake from the geologists' point of view, in the course of a statement emphasise the importance of the geophysical study of the movements of earth's surface in India. They state: "The history of earthquakes shows that most of them have originated in Northern India and have caused tremendous losses in men and money in the thickly populated tracts of the Indo-Gangetic alluvium."

"It is probable that the after effects of the Bihar earthquake will last for sometime and they provide food and opportunity for establishing a method of forecasting earthquakes by erecting at least two stations in the earthquake area, once the method is proved. It will be possible to predict earthquakes from scientific observations. The technique of experimental work will offer no insuperable difficulties, provided a reasonable amount of money is available for fitting up observatories."

They call attention to the researches made by Japanese scientists during the last four years in devising instruments giving warning of the coming earthquake. The tremor is preceded by a sudden tilt of the ground which is duly recorded on the instruments and gives a sufficiently long warning. "The Japanese scientists", they observe "have taken up the study of slow movements of earth's surface and it is probable that forecasts will be obtained for future earthquake in Japan. Generally speaking the method of study is not different from that used in forecasting cyclones and storms."